Daily Constitution.

Office: 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga

TERMS:

Daily, one year.....$10 00
" six months.....5 00
Weekly, one year.....2 00
" six months.....1 00

Postage for one year, on Daily, 60 cents; Weekly, one year, 20 cents.

WEATHER REPORT, AUGUST 12.

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. Agriculture.

HEIGHT OF BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	
29.046	29.023	29.017	Average height for day 29.028

TEMPERATURE.

Temperature of air in shade.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	
79°	87°	82°	Mean temp'ture for day 82.

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun: 156°

Maximum temperature for day 87°

Minimum temperature for day 77°

MOISTURE.

Evaporation during the last 24 hours .20 of an inch.

Per cent. of moisture in the air:

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	
79	51	71	Average for the da 67

WIND

blew during the day from the northeast and east. Calm. Lightning in the northwest at 9 P.M. Air very close and oppressive during the day.

Radiation from the earth during night of 11th: 65°

Maximum temperature for the night of the 11th: 81°

Minimum temperature for the night of the 11th. 75°

PROBABILITIES: For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee and Ohio Valley, stationary to falling barometer, winds mostly from east to south, nearly stationary temperature, and partly cloudy or cloudy weather will prevail with rain areas.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 111¾ and closed at 111¾.

LOW MIDDLINGS closed in New York yesterday at 12 5-16. In Liverpool at 6 3-16.

TOWN TOPICS.

—We had a pleasant call at our office this morning from Capt. J R Howell, one of the best millwrights and architects in the south Captain Howell is en route to the centennial and St Paul, Minnesota. On his return we understand Captain Howell will make Atlanta his permanent home. We extend to all such the right hand of fellowship.

—There are over 150 of the most beautiful married and single ladies in the world at New Holland Springs.

—Colonel Nichols has five cabins and four rooms in the main building vacant this morning. This will be good news for families waiting for quarters at this most popular pleasure resort in the south.

—We call attention to a correspondence from the Philadelphia Item. Mr Jno. H. Fiynn and Gen. Walker send children to the Mount De Chantal Institute, both of whom indorse it as a meritorious institution.

—A new paper is advertised in our columns to be issued on the 20th instant—a Sunday paper. Mr Bridges Smith is, we are informed, the editor and publisher. His writings as a correspondent and humorist are well known, and will no doubt, get up an interesting paper.

—As great a monument to the Bard of Avon as we have ever seen, is the New Cassell Shakspeare.

It speaks well for the reading public that so great a house as the Messrs. Cassell, spending so large a sum as they have in making perfect this edition, should announce a sale equaled by no other edition.

We were not amiss last week in assuring the gentleman an appreciative public in our central city.

—On last Friday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing term of James Lodge I O G T.

W C T—Gerrell H Culberson.
W V T—Mrs S R Culberson.
W P S—James Horace Bradley.
W A S—Miss Jaine Stewart.
W Chaplain—Fred Kicklighter.
W F S—William Jefferson Robbins.
W Treasurer—Miss Carrie McDaniel.
W Marshal—Fred S Stewart Jr.
W D Marshal—Miss Grace Culberson.
W I G—Miss Mary R Stewart.
W O G—Richard Clarke.
P W C T—F S Stewart, Sr.

This lodge has a very large membership, and bids fair to be the model lodge of this city.

—The rear guard of the Savannah delegation to the grand lodge of Odd Fellows reached here yesterday. They claim to have gone to Chattanooga but circumstances point to their staying in Dalton under the fascination of female loveliness. They had a meeting here, Mr Dorsett acting as chairman, and Mr Robertson as secretary, and passed a vote of thanks to John D Williams of Dalton for his courtesy and attention.

—Hon. Reuben Jones, at one time the witty and live senator from the ninth now the robust and horny handed granger, is in splendid condition.

—Col. D. S. Printup of Rome, is in the city.

—Thomas Sargent Parrott arrived at No. 225 Whitehall street at 10 a m yesterday morning.

—Rev. J. L. Johnson, professor in the University of Mississippi, will preach in the First Baptist church this morning.

—A popular military gentleman the other day was induced to eat squabs under the belief that they were bull-bats.

—We invite attention to the card of situation wanted. The young gentleman is worthy and qualified.

—Hon. T. J. Smith, master of the state grange, was at the Markham House yesterday.

—W. L. Bass, a popular conductor of the southwestern railroad, was in the city yesterday.

—Hon. Allen Fort, of Americus, was in the city yesterday en route home from the St Louis convention.

—Prof. S. P. Sanford, of Mercer university, left for Conyers yesterday.

—The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Coulter will be gratified to learn that their son, Master James F Coulter has returned from the springs fully restored to health.

—The presiding officers of the Cold Water Temples of this city are requested to confer with the assistant superintendent during to-morrow.

—The noon train on the Air-Line railroad came in yesterday crowded with passengers, many of them being centennial visitors on their way home. Many others were delegates from the agricultural convention at Gainesville who excurted to Toccoa and Tallulah falls on Thursday. They expressed themselves as delighted with the mountains and water falls of North Georgia, and some of them will no doubt be persuaded by what they have seen this week to move up into this section of the state, as preferable to the lower counties.

—We invite attention to the sale of $30 000 worth of bankrupt stock of goods belonging to West, Edwards & Co. by Albert Howell. Now is the time to secure bargains.

Power of Association.

A youth of this city come here to make his home and fortune. Being attracted by the glitter and gayety of city life, he forgot the teachings of a pious mother, her godly example and his own self-respect. Young friend—fellow traveler—if you would avoid such temptations and so add a decline, choose for your associates God-fearing young men. The Young Men's Christian association of Atlanta hold a voluntary prayer meeting every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Go out this afternoon and enjoy one hour in the service of the Galilean.

The Constitution.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1876 NO. 48

OUR WEALTHY MEN.

WHO OF OUR CITIZENS ARE WORTH $10,000 AND UPWARDS.

Glimpse at Atlanta's Prosperity.

We publish below a list of all the firms and citizens who pay tax on ten thousand dollars worth of property and upwards. A similar list was published last year, and was perhaps a little longer than this from the fact that the names were then taken from the books of the county tax receiver, and included a number who did not pay tax on city property to that amount. This year the list is taken from the books of the city receiver, and every person who pays tax to the city upon $10,000 or more of property. In spite of the oppressive times, and dull business seasons through which we have passed the showing is a good one for Atlanta. Many of our merchants are carrying lighter stocks than they have in past seasons, and some of our rich men are not quite as rich as they used to be a short time back when money was more plentiful. Still we believe that no southern city of a similar population can beat our showing. A large majority of the names upon it, are the representative business men of Atlanta. These started with very little left from the war and have earned what they now enjoy by steady persistent enterprise. They fully deserve all they have made, and we only wish that we were able to swell out our list, with the names of a thousand others.

We believe the list is substantially correct. If any inaccuracies or omissions are discovered they are due to an unavoidable oversight in running through the many thousand names upon the tax books.

A.	
Arnold, Reuben	$ 11,400
Adair & Brothers	31,800
Archer, Mrs E A	21,200
Atlanta City Brewing Company	18,900
Aldridge, E R	14 000
Angier, Dr N L	41,700
Angier Alfred	11,000
Angier & Gaskill	12 000
Atlanta Savings Bank	93,020
Abbott & Bro	23,240
Abbott, L L	13,400
Atlanta Fire Ins. Co	22.05
Atlanta National Bank	30 000
Austell, A	122,550
Alexander Thomas	130,325
Adair, G W	49,100
Adair & Kimball	251,000
Alexander, Dr A	12,000
Alexander, Dr A trustee	15,000
B.	
Broad, John	$ 24,100
Bank of State of Ga	137,850
Blunt, John	15,000
Bell, Allen J	13,800
Bosch, Dr S. J	16,250
Blanchard & Ellis	15 000
Buttler, James E	38,000
Bloomfield, W	25,700
Brumby, J W Trustee	16,850
Buice, J M	10,800
Bell, Madison	13,280
Boynton, C E	19,050
Batchman, C	12,50
Broomhead, B E	11,5 0
Brown, Jos. E	142 5.5
Berry, W R	54,000
Baker, L P	18,950
Brotherton, W H	54,600
Bates, Edwin & Co	25,000
Bruice, Madison	19,150
Bowie & Gholstin	19,122
Bozeman, Dr J F	15,700
Berry, M B	21,000
Bartell, John	13,130
Brown, Julius L	12,030
Banks, Henry, jr	16,470
Ball, James M	44,350
Boynton Brothers	19,150
Banks, Henry, sr	39,200
Banks & Dorsey	14,800
Black'ley, L E	25 250
Burke, Timothy	10,150
Brown, J R	17,800
Block, F E	21 000
Burke & Hancock	10,000
Brown & Connelly	17. 00
Burkhardt, G A	18,725
C.	
Crawford, Dr G G	13,480
Chamberlin, Boynton & Co	55,600
Coker, F M	16,080
Crumley, W M	15,800
Casson, C P	14,120
Connelly, Dr E L	20,500
Cohen, L & Co	10,200
Crussell, T G W	12,505
Collier John, sr	51,450
Carter, J C	12,600
Cozart, Mrs Ann M	14 100
Crane, Boyston & Co	16,900
Cox, Hill & Thompson	91 000
Cox, W B	36 9.0
Callaway, James H	37,000
Clarke, T M	41,300
Clarke, T M & Co	65,200
Clayton, W W	12,500
Collier, G W	34,000
Clayton & Webb	18,000
Chisolm, W P	19 000
Chisolm, Mrs R E	20,500
Crichton, Dr J P	52,900
Calhoun, J M (estate of)	22,250
Clash R C and sisters	12,500
Corry, Mrs H	20,000
Citizens' bank	191,400
Cook, Gunby & Co	33,000
Cook, G M D	11,990
Castleberry & Co	20,200
Castleberry, M T	17,300
Clarke Misses A and E	13,666
Crew, Mrs James C	15,400
Clarke, R M	25,900
Cooper, T S (estate of)	15,500
Crait, J E adm'nistrator	18,500
Campbell, J B	12,370
Central railroad	24,500
Cook & Cheek	56,000
Connelly, T W and E L	31,000
D.	
Dunning, J L estate of	13,350
Dodd, G T	19,089
Dodd, P & G T	12,500
Dodd, P & G T & Co	89,700
Dodd, Phil	14,500
Dean, Lem, sr	21,400
Dooly, W H	12,320
Duncan, Mary E	27,380
Dougherty, Mrs Mary E	74,000
Dabney & Wall	16,100
Dunn, Ogletree & Co	15,000
De Give, L	57 800
Davis, J C	25,000
E.	
Elsas, May & Co	27,950
Eiswald, T G	13,275
English, J W	49,550
Ezzard, William	10,250
Eddleman & Brown	25,000
Eddleman, T M	11 300
Eichberg, S T	15,250
Evans, Mrs M A	10 150
Erskine, Judge John	12 550
F.	
Franklin, H	10,900
Forsacre, Mrs Delia H	10,000
Furchgott, Benedict & Co	18,000
Fuller, J C	18,550
Faith & Morris	20 170
Fain W D	13 000
Fuller & Smith	19,0 0
Flynn, John H	11,450
Fuller, W A	16,000
Friedman & Co	21,700
French & T	15,500
G.	
Gay, E H	12,400
Gramling & Spalding	15,000
Grant, L P	116,950
Garrett & Bro	33,200
Garrett, W J	10,250
Gerumder, Geo	10,000
Grant, Mrs W D	21 000
Grant, W D	13,000
Grant, J T & W D	111,800
Grant, J T	18,550
Gartrell, L J	14 900
Goodman, William	10,800
Georgia National bank	50 000
Glenn, J T	13,000.
Georgia railroad and banking company	14,500
Gaskill, V A	37,550
Goldsmith, J W	12,575
Georgia Banking and Trust company	160,000
Grant, Alexander & Co	12,000
Grier, Mrs M P	10,170
H.	
Hill, B H jr, agent	19,800
Howell, Clark, jr	23,700
Howell, E P & W H	16,000
Heinz, Charles	10,300
Healy, T G	47,700
Healy, mrs O M and children	16,000
Hayden & Healey	63,000
Healy, Berry & Co	55,000
Healy & Berry	22,000
Holcmkiss mrs E M	10,550
Holland, E W, sr	5?,250
Hill, Wade	12 670
Hill, O C trustee	10,700
Hayden, Judge J A	54,900
Haralson, M & Co	20,000
Hill, W E	2?,300
Holmes, Calder & Co	18,450
Holcombe, H C	14,500
Howard, G J	24,950
Hill, John M	25,020
Hunt, Rankin & Lamar	30,000
Holbrook, John	24,470
Harrison, Z D	15,500
Hillyer, George	29,950
Herndee, W G	13,300
Hass, Mrs J	13,500
Hammond, N J	40,550
Harrison, G M and wife	10,000
Harrison, J P & Co	17,600
Hoyt, S R	26,300
Howard, Wood & Co	21,150
Hagan, J T	11,000
Hubbard, W L & Co	10,200
Harllie, W H	30,500
Hirsh, M & J	24 700
Hunnicutt & Belingrath	32 500
Hunnicutt, C W	24,000
Hopkins J L	14 000
Horsey, T M & Bro	14 00.
Hightower T J	10, 00
Haywood, W A	17 276
Hitchcock, Dr S A	1 8.0
Howard, Misses E & A	20,000
I.	
Inman, W P	19,750
Inman, S M	27,850
Ivey, M J	11,560
J.	
Jones, O H	13,250
Jones, D C & E C	20,000
Jones, P W	15 000
Jones, E C	24 000
Jones, Dr D C	13,500
Jennings, William	11,425
Jennings & Ashley	10,000
James, John H	150 350
Johnson & Woodruff	11 000
Jones, Mrs E C F	13,000
Jack & Holland	30,300
Jones, Paul	15,500
Jones, Mrs Elizabeth	16 000
Johnson, Allen K, estate of	17,300
Johnson, Dr. J M, trustee	13,700
K.	
Kountz, Henry	18,000
Kountz, C L	18,900
Kidd & Mccallie	12 000
Kimbro R P s	30 000
Kiser & Watson	9,000
Kendrick S S	13,780
Kirkpatrick, Mrs H A	16 800
Kile, Thomas	10,?30
Kelly, B G	19,2 0
Kidd, William	104,0 0
King, H. B. Trustee	21,000
Keely, John	33 600
Kennedy, Henry P	11,000
L.	
Loyd, J W	12,800
Lynch, Patrick jr	13,750
Lowe, Dr. J. H	13,950
Loyd, Mrs C A	18 600
Lyrch, W	51,540
Lawhe, Er	15,150
Lowe, Mrs. W L	10,570
Lane & Cater	15,600
Lynch, J & J	24,0
Lynch, John	25,340
Lee, S. W	20,000
Lowe W. B. & Co	32,000
Lowe, W. B	39,700
Lounds, George S	11,400
Lynch, Peter	32,450
Lowry, W. M. & E. J	23,100
Low, T. J. & Bro	15,000
Lewis, H	18,000
Lowry, M. J	13,450
Loyd, & Jourdan	18,000
Leyden, Mrs R. C	59 950
Leyden, Austin	18,400
Leenden, C. A	18,500
Leack, H. F	10,900
Lowe, S. B	10,550
Lochrane, Judge E A Trustee	104 000
Lanier, Mrs Dora C	12,000
Longley & Robinson	42,950
Morris, & Bro	15,350
Menko, M & Bro	13,400
Morrison, Bain & Co	25,000
Middlebrooks & Barnes	14,000
McNaught & Scrutchins	53,000
Mayer, David	16,8 0
Morris, J A	10,339
Malone & Johnson	5 000
Markham, William	132,250
Mitchell, Dr W D	12 800
Mahoney, M	15,850
Moore, Marsh & Co	247,500
Moore W A	24,000
Marsh, R W	21,500
McCrooky, Miss L M	30,000
Mynat, P L	15,300
Miller, Dr H V M	20,300
Merriam, A B	25,800
Maddox & Rucker	30,000
Maddox, R F	15 000
Mimms William	13,800
McArthur, T W	23,600
Milledge, Mrs T C	12,000
Marlin, Miss Georgie A	17,300
Mc hee, Donald	18,850
Mitchell, A M	31,500
Mills J G W (trustee)	10 800
Murphy A	18 500
Muhlenbrink E (estate of)	33,100
McMillan & Snow	30,650
Morris, C C	32,900
Meador Brothers	12,375
Morrill, W C (trustee)	10 200
N.	
Norcross, J	54,000
Nunnally, Hollman & Co	26 740
Neal, John sr	24,300
North American Ice Co	23,000
O.	
O'Keef, D C (estate of)	19,700
Orman, James	15,200
Orme, W P	15 0 0
Oliver, J	12,530
P.	
Powers, W & Son	10,125
Phillips & Crew	10,000
Porter J H	28,150
Patterson, W H	16,800
Peck, J C	41,400
Price, George W	18,500
Parrott, G W & Bro	21 000
Pitman, Daniel	17,500
Powell, J J & Bro	11,000
Payne, C M	11,.90
Padillo, W F	24,780
Powell, P H	18,000
Powell, Dr J	17,248
Peck, J S	12,350
Peck, W F & Co	10,000
Pullum, Thomas & Co	16,100
Phillip W R, Sr	13,000
Phillips, W R Jr	21,200
Plant, H B, president	12,400
Plant, H H	67,000
Peters, Richard	14,.10
R.	
Rosch, Dr E J	10,200
Rawson, E E	94,200
Rawson, E E, guardian	10,500
Ryan, John	143,17.
Rawson, W A	99,750
Rodgers G C	13,610
Rice & Mitchell	27 640
Rice, F P	15,285
Richards, J J & S P	34,150
Romare, Paul	10,00
Rice, Z A	14,800
Root, Sidney	23,500
S.	
Small, W J (estate of)	10,000
Schane, Mrs Mary	11,500
Sheridan G W	10,400
Savage, Charles (estate of)	10,900
Sheehane, Con	26, 5.
Spear, John A	10,500
Seltzer, R	19,000
Stephens, John A	13,530
Simson, W W	24,000
Stewart, Wood & Fain	20 000
Sharp, A B	13 900
Stewart, Austin & Co	21,000
Salter, Dr S F	12,400
Spencer, S B	12 000
Schikn, John	10,400
Silvey & Dougherty	42,500
Smith, Mrs Jane	17,250
Silvey & Glasmer	25,000
Silvey, John	16,.00
State national bank	200,000
Solomon Wm, (estate of)	64 370
Summerour, H	18,000
Stephens & Flynn	23,000
Simms, Thos G, guardian	13,.20
Scago, A E	26,825
Simmons & Hunt	13 150
Sparks, J W	14,800
T.	
Thurman, Dr F D	46,000
Thompson, J Edgar	10 500
Tidwell, E W	10,300
Turner, Mrs E B	26 000
Thrower, Thomas L	21,550
Thompson, Dr Joseph	47,600
Tanner, J B	35,700
Tommey, Stewart & Beck	46,000
Turner, Mrs Agnes	25,750
V.	
Valentino, Mrs C	13,000
W.	
Werner, E A	13,180
Wilson, D H	19,150
Warlick, J	15,750
Wilson, B J	12,900
Weaver, John M	11,400
Westmoreland, Dr J G	14,000
Wylie, James H	18,200
Wylies, James R & Co	48,700
Winship, Joseph	23,750
Williams, Lamar, estate	12,600
White, J C, estate of	10 400
Williams, Langston & Crane	30,700
Williams N C	21,200
Winter, J F	32,700
Wyly, A C & B F	172,20
Wyly, B F	16 0.0
West, Edwards & Co	20,000
Wiseberg, M	13,700
Williams, F A	25,.00
Williams, J J & Co	30,000
Y.	
Young, R C	13,250
Young, B C	16,000

WHAT OUR COUNTY IS WORTH.

INTERESTING EXHIBIT FROM THE TAX RECEIVER'S BOOKS.

How the Hard Times have Affected Property.

We give our readers this morning the condensed tax returns for this county taken from the books of the tax receiver, Capt. A. G. Grier and his efficient assistant Mr. J B B Smith. They have just completed the arduous task of closing up their books. The work has been very great occupying them incessantly from about the first of April to the present time. The books bear evidences of neatness and accuracy such as any tax receiver may be proud of. The arrangement of the tables of aggregates by Mr. Smith is very thorough, and are as convenient for purposes of reference as any we ever saw. Captain Greer has labored diligently to have his returns as full as possible, and at the same time has extended every indulgence to tax payers consistent with the duties of his office.

For purposes of comparison we have incorporated with the returns of this year, those of 1875. It will be noticed that there has been a small decrease in nearly every item of taxable property, and in values. This is due to the hard times which have depressed property here in common with other sections of the state. Still the showing is by no means a bad one, and compared with Richmond and Chatham counties is very flattering. The fall of property in Chatham county for the past year is $4,000, 00, and in Richmond county $1,500,000. While our county is not fully up to 1875, the difference is quite small in proportion to the above sums, and the building and commercial activity which is now beginning to develop itself in our midst, promises brighter things for the future.

To show what our colored people are doing we give their returns separate from the whites.

1875—RETURNS OF THE WHITE POPULATION.

No of polls, 3,400; last year 3 351; increase, 49. No of lawyers, 96; No of physicians, 63; No of dentists, 13; last year 13, decrease 1. No of auctioneers 3; last year 7; decrease 4. No of photograph artists, 9; last year 4; increase 5. No of billiard tables, 16; last year 11; increase 5. No of acres of land owned by whites, 108,797; last year, 104 581, decrease 784.

Value of land, $1,476,870; last year, $1,504,816; decrease, $27,916. Aggregate value of city property, $11,291,149; last year, $11,538,885; decrease $247,736. Value bank stock, $964 821; last year $808,6?; increase, $161,221. Amount of money and debts, $2,191,365; last year, $2,549,289; decrease, $857,924. Value of merchandise, $2,053,500; last year, $2,127,429; decrease, $73,929. Value of bonds, $187,987; last year, $289 612, decrease, $101,?75. Value of iron works, $64,400: last year $218,500; decrease, $154,100. Household and kitchen furniture, $573,151; last year, $449,005; increase, $123,146. Value of live stock, $302,961; value of plantation tools, $15,159; value of crop for sale first of April $1,422; value of all other property, $342,750; last year, $463,133; decrease, $296 383; grand total, $19,263,945; last year, $19 913,7 9; decrease, $379,831.

RETURNS OF COLORED POPULATION.

No. of polls, 98?; last year, 1,011; decrease, 48 No of dentists, 2; last year, 2. No of billiard tables, 4; last year, 4. No acres of land, 399; last year, 456; decrease, 57. Value of land, $12 725; last year, $11,28?; increase, $1,440; value city property, $243.-322; last year, $240,550; increase, $2 772: Money and debts, $1 210. last year, $5,517; decrease, $1,307. Household and ki chen furniture, $13,962; last year $2,505; increase, $11,457. Plantation tools, $1,345; last year, $?55; increase, $?90. Value all other property, $17,147, last year, $20,183; decrease, $3,036 Total, $292-720, last year, $279,875; increase, $12,845.

AGGREGATE OF WHITES AND BLACKS.

No. polls, 4,388; last year, 4 382; increase, 1. Lawyers, 96; physicians, 63; dentists, 14; last year, 15; decrease 1. Acutioneers, 3; last year, 7; decrease, 4 Photograph artists, 9; last year, 4; increase, 5. Billiard tables, 20; last year, 15; increase, 5. Acres of land, 104,116; last year, 105,087; decrease 841. Value of land, $1,489 055; last year, $1,515,601; decrease, $25,546. Value city property $11,584,471; last year, $11,778,985; decrease, $344,464; Value bank stock, $964,821; last year, $80?,600; increase, $161,221. Money and solvent debts, $2,195,575; last year, $2,554,806; decrease, $359,231. Value merchandise, $2,053,500; last year, $2 127,429; decrease $73,929 Value of bonds, $187,987; last year, $289,612; decrease, $101,675. Value iron works, $64,400; last year, $218,500; decrease, 154,100. Household and kitchen furniture, 586,113; last year, 451,510; increase, $134,603. Live stock, $202,961; plantation and merchant tools, $ 6,513. All other property, $259 877; last year, $183,671; decrease, $?3-774. Value 3-1,126; acres wild land this year $46,769; value 346 635 acres of wild land last year, $62,261. Total $19,603,434; last year, $20,285,935. Decrease, $682,501.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., August 12.

W L Bass, Macon; C N Featherston, Rome; T J Smith, Oconee; F M Kennedy, Davisboro; J G Longstreet, Gainesville; B Mallon and lady, city; S P Sanford and lady, Macon; Geo McFeer, Knoxville; Allen Fort, Americus; O V Lamar, Savannah; Dan'l S Printup, Rome; Dr Stotesburg, Clinch county; Reuben Jones, Ga; J L Bass, S W R R; S Cooper, Americus; J A Buckner, Chas E McTeer, Baltimore; G M Marks, Montgomery, W D Hightower, Danville, Va; C W Gause, Milledgeville; Dr H H Cary, R S McFarlin, LaGrange; Chas H Killian, G W Council, Americus.

Kimball House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, August 12, 1876.—W R Respress and child, Eatonton, Ga; A A Sharp, Macon, Ga; Judge A O Pafe, Hawkinsville; Geo O C Horne, Hawkinsville; R E Kennon, Fort Gaines, Ga; Gen Robert Toombs wife and niece, Washington, Ga; E C Anderson, Philadelphia; J Kennedy, Charleston, S C.; H A Barns, Florida; Col A T Akerman, Cartersville; A P Pindell, Cincinnati; H M Drane, Macon, Ga; Hon Charles C Kibbee, Georgia; J C Barlow, Nashville Tenn. Sidney Herbert, Gainesville; F Beron, Cincinnati; W L Burton, Ky; J P Cannon, St Louis, Mo; Mrs Case and son, Louisville Ga; Col P S Mynatt, City; M J Brandt-Augusta, Ga; S B Webb, Savannah, Ga; Howard Van Epps, City; W C Morrill; City; J Campbell, Alabama; J Chaffer, New York; Jno D Cunningham, City; F F Bradway, New Orleans La; F V Simmons, New York; M F Chandler, Boston; J Burkes, Jeaksonville; Judge E H Path, Warrenton; Col Geo B Back, Lythonia Wm Baldwin, Louisville; Gen M A Stowall, and lady, Augusta Ga; Miss Lowell, Savannah; Col G W Adair, city; A A Sharpe, Macon; Dr R G Norton, Effingham county; Geo W Foy, No. 4 Central railroad; W J Crosswell, S C; Jno D Cunningham, West End; E Frank St. Louis; M M Gekouts, Philadelphia; E Hartmaw, F Johnson, J W Blake, Baltimore.

Old St on Carpet-baggers.

"Yas, sah; hits time fur dem ter git skase!" said old St.

"Who do you mean?"

"Dese hyar kyarpet-sackers from 'way up yander in de norf of de Lord kno's whar!"

"Why they are your friends—the black man's guardians, ain't they?"

"I takes time ter notice dat dey grards de nigger mighty close ter see dat he don't git nuffin widout dey gittin de bigger sheer, ef dey can!"

"Then you've fallen out with them?"

"Bress yo' soul, honey, old St neber fell in wid dem yet, dey fell in wid him an' all de rest of de darkies, but dey's franklin' out mons'rous fas'! Yer see, dey's er kind ob peristerkil bed bugs, dem fellers is, and de nigger's gittin' pow'ful tired ob habbin' dem 'round in his bed—an' he's gwine ter put sum dimaycrat turpytime on de bed slats dis fall! Dat' what makes me say what I do!"

And the old man was in dead sober earnest

Base Ball.

There will be a match game of base ball played at the barrack grounds on Monday evening, between the Tilden and Hendrick's and the Grey Stockings, both of this city.

THE COUNTY MEMBER.

S. H. Donaldson Selected at the Friday Primary.

On Friday there was a primary election held in the four districts in the upper part of the county, for the purpose of ascertaining the electors as to whom they will run in the coming county primary as the county member upon the legislative ticket.

THE ARRANGEMENT

is that in the coming election, the county candidate is to come from the upper part of the county. the last, Judge Wilson, having been taken from the lower portion of the same. There were two candidates offering and this preliminary primary (so to speak) was held to decide between these, two, they being Mr. Thomas Moore and Esquire S H Donaldson.

THE VOTE

was pretty full and was conducted with good order and good humor, at all the precincts. The result was as follows:

District—	Donaldson.	Moore.
North Atlanta	46	19
Buckhead	120	38
Casey's	50	109
Oak Grove	52	27
Total	268	251

Majority for Donaldson—17.

IN THE NOMINATION

of the candidates the people in the county claim one, and having agreed upon Mr Donaldson, will probably give him their full support. By agreeing with two strong candidates here in the city they can elect their man without difficulty, and the only trouble now in the way is to determine "which two" of the ten "strongest men" in the city are really the men to tie to. We shall not know positively how the cat will jump until the votes are counted.

THE WILSON CASE.

Appleby Acquitted and Conley Bound Over for Assault and Battery.

The trials of the two soldiers, William Appleoy and John Conley for assault with intent to murder Robert A Wilson, came on yesterday before Justice Butt. Wilson was present in court. His injuries were dressed by Dr Gardiner, of Peters street, and we are pleased to know are not so serious as his terribly mangled and bloody appearance on the night of the difficulty seemed to indicate. The evidence showed that Appleby was not one of the assaulting parties, and that the only part he took in the difficulty was an effort to separate Conley and Wilson after they had started to fighting. Failing to do this he left them alone. Some evidence was introduced tending to show that Wilson had insulted Conley before the latter attacked him, but it was not sufficient to justify the terrible beating Wilson received. The court committed Conley to jail for assault and battery, but after being taken there he raised the requisite security and was discharged.

A THIEF COMMITTED.

Will Jones a white lad about 16 years old was tried by Justice Butt for stealing a silver watch from Oliver Hart. The theft was committed four or five weeks ago. Hart left his vest with watch in his pocket in the Hook and Ladder house on Broad street. When he returned the watch was gone. It was sold and passed through several hands but the theft was finally fastened upon Jones. He was sent to jail.

Got Their Names Mixed.

The county candidates were around "treating" last night and the chronic cases managed to get in a good carro. Two of them anchored to a fireplug at the Broad and Alabama street corner about midnight.

"Rah for Tilt'en W'eeler—hic!" said one of them.

"Look 'ere!" said the other; "'fyou don't (hic) kno bettern 'at (hic) you ch-ch-cheese it!"

"Wha-izzit enny'ow? Zay, whas izzit?"

"Why, itz (hic) itz ze good ole cry (hic) fur-fur-Hens an' Hay-ricks, ain't it, zay?"

"A-w-w-w!" said the drunker one, as he shifted to a lamp-post.

"Whas izzit 'en yerself, (hic) Smarty?"

"I dunno 'zackly whas izzit—(hic) zat is I dunno how she hanes tergeezer (hic)—but she-she sounds pow'ful like (hic) ten minnits 'till drinks!"

"At's zo—less go gittus anuzzer—times up!" and off they went, holding each other up at a proper angle.

Services by Father Ryan at the Catholic Church

We are pleased to announce the arrival in the city yesterday of Rev. A. J. Ryan, of Mobile. The name of this gifted poet, orator and priest, is a household word all over our land, and many of our citizens citizens will gladly learn of his presence among us. He preaches this morning at half past ten o'clock, at the Catholic church. Should he be prevailed upon to also take part in the services at vespers this afternoon, the fact will be announced.

The Carroll Case.

We are pleased to know that the report of the assault made upon little Ella Carroll a few days ago by a negro is somewhat exaggerated. The facts were published as related to us by a connection of the family, and were perhaps too highly colored. It is true, however, that the negro pursued and rocked the little girl and gave her a very terrible fright.

Fun Ahead.

We are authorized to announce that on Friday night next the Atlanta dramatic association will present "The Honeymoon," a comedy by Tobin—one of the most beautiful in the language.

In this, their final appearance, the full company will be cast. The play will be presented with new scenery and entirely new and elegant costumes.

Let our amateurs receive the encouragement the deserve.

—Miss Laura C. Redden, the deaf mute who, under the nom de plume of "Howard Glyndon," has obtained some celebrity as a newspaper correspondent, is shortly to be married. It is not generally known that Miss Redden is one of the very few deaf mutes who, at the expense of almost inconceivable exertion, has learned to use her voice in addressing her friends. She cannot, of course, speak plainly, but those who are accustomed to her methods of articulation experience little difficulty in understanding her.

—A curious purchase is said to have recently been made for one of the Paris museums. It is a confessional of old Florentine carving. Besides the marvelious work in the parsels, it is surmounted by the head of the Saviour, which, on touching a spring, disappears and gives place to a diabolical visage with horns and tongue of fire, well calculated to strike a healthy terror into the minds of penitents.

—This is the latest watering place legend. A gentleman at Saratoga after waving his handkerchief for half an hour or more at an unknown lady whom he discovered at a distant point on the shore, was encouraged by a warm response to his signals to approach his charmer. Imagine his feelings when on drawing nearer he saw that it was his own dear wife, whom he had left at the hotel but a short time before. "Why, how remarkable that we should have recognized each other at such distance," exclaimed both in the same breath, and then they changed the subject.

—The nation that produces the most marriages is fascination. And perhaps the nation that produces the most divorces is alienation.

—Boston is to have a Sunday paper edited by ladies. They will do no writing for their paper after six o'clock p. m. on Saturday. The intervening hours until midnight will be employed in crimping their hair for Sunday.

THE EARL OF BEACONSFIELD.

ELEVATION OF HON. BEN. DISRAELI TO THE PEERAGE.

Probable Changes in Consequences—Political Effects in the Future—The Extreme Heat Throughout Europe—Forty Laborers Dead—Minor Matters.

A Peer at Last.

LONDON, August 12.—Although

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.

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GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKS.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 45, for sale. Address THE CONSTITUTION office, Atlanta, Ga. june3—dtf

SUMTER county is probably the banner county of Alabama. The democratic gain in that county over 1874, is 2,466!

CONGRESS has nearly completed the general appropriation bills, and the total saving will not be less than $28,000,000, probably about $30,000,000. We will give the exact figures as soon as they can be obtained.

THE accounts of the special counsel of the government in the St. Louis whisky trials have been settled. John B. Henderson gets $10,000; James O. Broadhead, $10,000; and Lucien Eaton, $5,000.

AFTER encountering weeks of trouble in the two houses, it seems the river and harbor bill is not to pass through the executive office quickly. It is believed that the president will not sign it, but will allow it to become a law without his signature.

THE Columbus Times has acquired two new partners, and a job establishment. It also announces that the publication of the daily edition of the Times will be resumed on the first of September, and will not be afterwards interrupted.

THE radical convention in the first congressional district was held in "St. James Tabernacle" in Savannah, and the Skowheganite got away with the nomination. The News says this will widen the split in the party, as many of the custom house ring utterly refuse to support him.

AT the commencement exercises of the University of the South, at Sewanee, Tenn., Bishop Beckwith, of Georgia, preached an eloquent sermon before the guild of St. Marks, a society of the students. Among the bishops in attendance was Bishop Elliott, formerly of this city, but now residing in San Antonio, Texas.

Now is the time, says the Canton Georgian, to make a rally in favor of the extension of the North Georgia road. "A kind Providence is blessing us with good crops; therefore, let us," it says, "make up supplies for fifty convicts, and at once complete the grading to at least Pickens county." We hope this appeal will not go unheeded. North Georgia and Atlanta alike need the road.

BUTLER formerly lived in the sixth district of Massachusetts, but he turns up now in the seventh, Tarbox's, district. He will secure the delegates from Lowell, but not from Lawrence, and the smaller towns are likely to send delegates against him. His principal opponent before the convention will be Mr. Russell, an able business man. Mr. Tarbox is confident of beating Butler at the polls in case he is nominated.

THE Freedmen's bank has been closed over two years, and the depositors have thus far received only one small dividend of twenty cents. They begin to demand, "Who got the other eighty cents?" They begin to think that their money has gone in the same direction so many of their votes are going—to keep up a set of radical thieves and scoundrels.

REPRESENTATIVE BELL, of New Hampshire, who resigned the other day because he could not get a leave of absence, is a democrat. He has the reputation of being an able lawyer, but he has not taken any prominent part in the proceedings of the house. His resignation shows how lightly he regards a seat in the house of representatives, and he gains more reputation by the manner of his retirement than by anything he has done or might have done by continuing on its rolls.

AND now the hotels of New York and other large eastern cities have discovered that it is best to cut down rates, not only second and third-class houses, but fashionable establishments as well. The movement will probably go on until there are concessions from all of them. All must reduce rates if a part do. Some of the large restaurants in New York are also adopting a similar policy, and it will not be long, says one paper, before the showy and extravagant boarding houses will be compelled to do likewise.

BISHOP PIERCE, who travels with his eyes wide open, recently wrote, says the Augusta Chronicle:

> Within the last few weeks I have been from the wire grass region to the mountains and from the centre of Georgia to its western boundary, and am cheered with the prospects of the people. The corn is made, bread will be abundant. The cat crop exceeds all expectations—wheat has yielded well, and now, if the farmers, admonished by the past, will provide potatoes and turnips, and sow largely of small grain, they can live without cash or credit. What cotton may do to meet old debts is a speculation beyond my ken. The price of the staple is as uncertain as the verdict of a petit jury. Very strange that people lean so confidingly on such a doubtful contingent thing.

THE memory of Bismarck bids fair to be perpetuated in America through the name of the capital of a state. Congress is about to authorize the organization of the territory of Pembina or Algonquin, as it will probably be called. Bismarck is to be its capital. The government land office is located there, and United States courts are held at the usual times. It is a region eminently adapted to strong constitutions which can stand severe cold weather and biting winds. There are probably not over 6,000 white settlers in the proposed territory, but there are a plenty of would-be office-holders ready to take charge of the government in the name of the United States, and attend to the vast amount of business to be evolved from the p a rse population.

CITY TAXATION.

Our home readers sometimes grumble at the tax bills that the city annually presents. Some blame the new charter, some the mayor and council, and some growl on general principles without attaching blame to any one. A few plain facts will, we think, put all grumblers in a right way of thinking.

In the first place, they should bear in mind that, unlike most American cities, we are not increasing our indebtedness. On the other hand, we are annually decreasing our interest-bearing debt. The charter requires us to live within our income, after paying all interest due, putting $3,500 each year in the sinking fund for the payment of the water bonds, and applying one-quarter of the real estate tax to a reduction of the floating indebtedness. Let us see what these items amount to that must first be taken out of the city's annual income. Let us examine the interest account to begin with:

	Interest.
$837,500 7 per cent bonds	$58,625
858,000 8 per cent bonds	68 640
52,000 10 per cent bonds	5,200
400,000 floating debt, 11 per cent	44 000
Total amount of interest	$176,465
Add for sinking fund water bonds	$ 3,500
Add for payment of floating debt	48,335— $51,835
Total	$228,300

The present valuations of property and rate of taxation, together with all other sources of income, will probably yield $364,340—certainly not more than that. Take from this sum, the amount that we must first pay under the wise provisions of the charter, and we have but $136,040 left, with which to maintain our schools, police system, pay the salaries of officials, light and care for the streets, and keep up all the other departments of a busy and growing city. The schools, police, officers' salaries and gas bills absorb $94,340, leaving only $41,700 for eight other necessary departments of the city government. The streets alone have cost more than this sum in a single year.

No one can therefore justly hold the city government of the last two years responsible for the rate of taxation. The present and the preceding council have kept strictly within the terms of charter. They have paid all interest that has become due, and reduced the floating debt in two years $103,835. These are gratifying figures, but these very figures, in connection with our burden of annual interest, explain why our rate of taxation cannot at present be materially decreased without impairing the efficiency of the city government. We do not say that greater economy is not possible. The present council will probably expend $14,000 less than their immediate predecessors did, and perhaps their successors can reduce the annual expenses a few thousands more. If so, it should be done; but no material reduction in the rate of taxation is possible until the floating debt that administrations prior to the new charter imposed upon us, is removed. We danced in those days, and now we must pay the fiddler. Under the beneficent provisions of the new charter we will be free of this vexations and burdensome debt in the course of seven or eight years. It is growing beautifully less every year.

When that is ont of the way we can give the schools, for example, $120,000 a year as easily as we can now give them $30,000. For it should be borne in mind that we will have to pay this year over $90,000, interest and principal, on account of this legacy of past recklessness. Let us then keep a stiff upper lip, hold strictly to the terms of the charter that leads away from bankruptcy to safety, get rid of the floating debt, economize only where we wisely can, waiting patiently and hopefully for the better days when the floating debt will be no more.

THE EASTERN STRUGGLE.

The past week has been a disastrous one for the Servian cause. First one fortress and then another has fallen before the advance of over one hundred thousand Turks, and the Servian line, which extended from Alexinatz to Saitchar, with the center resting upon Gorgusovatz, has been irretrievably broken. Saitchar and Gorgusovatz are both in the hands of the conquering army. The capture of the latter cut the Servian army in two, and the fifth attempt upon Saitchar resulted in its fall. This destroys the high hopes of the Christians in European Turkey. Nothing is now possible on their part but a guerrilla warfare, which the mountainous character of a portion of their country makes feasible. The situation in Servia is also the situation in Herzegovina. The overwhelming power of the Porte has made him master of the entire situation. The little Servian army and her militis have not proven as brave and well-trained as newspaper accounts had led the world to belive they were, and nothing but mediation can save Prince Milan and his people from whatever terms the Mussulman sees fit to impose.

The occupation of a good part of the revolting provinces by the Turkish army, and the possibility of a repetition of the Bulgarian atrocities therein, is alarming the great powers. The people of Europe will not quietly look on if the Bashi-Bazourks are permitted to prey on Servia. A strong moral influence will be brought to bear, especially by England, to prevent the occurrence of any more outrages. But great distress amongst the unfortunate people must follow. Even Belgrade is in danger, and thousands of peasants are rettugeing from fear of the men who have been taught to look upon all Christians as dogs whom it is a merit to rob and maim and destroy.

There are some indications of coming events in the direction of mediation, and the present week will doubtless be an important one in this struggle upon which the eyes of the world are centered. If Russia and Germany should combine for the purpose of settling the eastern question, this brave but rash effort of Servia would not be without its fruits. A few straws indicate that they may. The time for intervention has certainly come, and christendom will eagerly watch the action of the great diplomats. Upon their action depends the welfare, if not the lives, of two millions of Christians, who deserve the protection of more favored Christians in other countries. We hope the present week will show that they are to receive it, and we care very little in what shape it comes.

NO ROOM FOR INDEPENDENTS.

These dissatisfied people,—who are either very "wise" or very selfish—have struck a bad year for their peculiar work. They have struck a year in which the party is united and confident of victory; for its presidential candidates will receive the support of democrats everywhere. There is no straggling, no disorganization, as in 1872, and this close union and confident feeling will extend from the presidential canvass, down to that for state and local offices. When all see that a change of administration is possible, and even exceedingly probable; when our general candidates are popular and strong, then indeed have the dissatisfied, the sore-headed—in a word, the Independents—fallen on evil times. They flourish best when all is at loose ends, when disorganization is popular, when defeat is inevitable. All keep in line when the sounds of victory are in the air.

They may be old chronic independents—those men who are far wiser than all their fellows who will not recognize existing political conditions; but all such will find themselves powerless. They will get the cold shoulder this year as they never got it before. The spirit of unity is abroad, and the democracy of Georgia will, in their local conventions act wisely. They have already selected a state standard bearer who is the people's unmistakable choice, and who will receive the support of all unselfish members of the party. No divisions will be permitted, and the chronic cases will be overwhelmed in the tide of party enthusiasm that will prevail.

The chief danger of independency—the bane and humbug of politics—comes in local contests; and in those our friends should guard against the evil by placing strong and unexceptionable men in nomination. It is very important that the next legislature should be composed of our best men. Important questions will come before it, and such men are needed, not only to dispose of them, but to keep down future divisions. Put no weak men in nomination. Fill the county ticket with names that the people will approve of. Select popular and able men for municipal honors. Give the independents no chance, and thus uphold in every possible way the grander canvass that is a death struggle for everything we hold dear.

If the democracy of Georgia present a divided front in the October election, the moral effect of our victory will to a great extent be lost. Remember that our election precedes by nearly a week the other and more decisive October elections. If we are united and roll up a rousing majority for the democratic candidate, it will inspire the democracy of Indiana and Ohio to extra exertions. They will see in our grand vote a solid south, and work the harder because the more hopeful. But if we permit independency to lessen our majority, all this advantage will be lost. We would thus fritter away our influence. It must not be. The state convention has acted wisely and unitedly, and our local nominations should be of a character to command the support of the party, and all should set their faces firmly against any and all divisions or splits in the interest of dissatisfied and selfish men. For the man who will not act with his party in such a year as this is a man that no one should trust. He lacks either intelligence or principle. Let all unite to make the machinations of such men harmless. Let us chill their bogus enthusiasm at the outset, and thus prepare the way for a victory in October that will inspire the democracy of those states in which political warfare is fierce and the result doubtful.

THE Gainesville papers report their market entirely bare of chickens, eggs and butter. "Them delegates played sad havoc with our poultry."

EX-SPEAKER GALUSHA A. GROW hopes to get into the next congress from the old Wilmot district of Pennsylvania, which is now represented by a democrat. Galusha has again become a republican. He has the speakership in his eye, and so has Garfield, and both of these gentlemen are preparing for a hard campaign, quite regardless of the fact that Mr. Sayer or some other good democrat will be the speaker of the forty-fifth congress.

AN unexpected source of disease has been revealed in the use of unpure ice. A recent report to the Massachusetts state board of health by Dr. A. H. Nichols relates the outbreak of an intestinal disorder among the guests at one of the hotels at Rye Beach in the summer of last year. The symptoms were those generally following a derangement of the digestive system, such as nausea, giddiness, loss of appetite, diarrhea, abdominal pain and fever. With about five per cent, of the guests these symptoms were grave and persistent; among the great majority, and notably with children under ten years old, there was no such illness, and there were no traces of it at the other hotels and there were no traces of it in the cottages of Rye Beach. The sewerage of the hotel was first carefully investigated and then the water supply, the proprietors of the hotel lending eager aid to thorough research. Even the kitchen and its processes were overhauled without finding the cause of trouble. At last it was discovered in the ice with which the hotels was supplied. This had been procured from a pond of which the outlet had in recent years been closed by sand and stones washed up from the sea, the pond thus becoming a stagnant receptacle of mud and saw dust, there being two sawmills on the stream above. The ice was subjected to chemical analysis, and was found to contain putrescent vegitable matter. The hotel stopped using this contaminated ice, and there was an end to the sickness among its boarders. The report concludes by by mentioning that there is a common but quite mistaken popular notion that when water freezes its impurities are somehow excluded from the ice. Of course, water which is not perfectly fit to dring is unsuitable for an ice supply.

FACT AND COMMENT.

SPEAKER SAYLER'S Sioux name is Man-who-handles-the-game well.

THE Younger brothers and the James boys ought to be sentenced to fight the Sioux.

ABOUT three per cent. of the Indian population are now in arms against the government.

TROUBLES, like babies, get bigger by nursing.—Boston Traveler. Especially when they are brought up on the bottle.

THE Cincinnati Republicans have nominated Force for Congress. That other enegetic republican, fraud, is already in office.

READ Tilden's letter and then read Hayes', and see the difference between a statesman and a political humgumbob.—Boston Post.

SENATOR BAYARD, of Delaware, received the honorary degree of doctor of laws at the recent commencement of Delaware state college. In this case the honor is worthily bestowed.

ONE cannot look at Don Carlos without wondering why such a magnificent specimen of a dry-goods clerk should ever have his destiny spoiled by being born a prince.

"TANNERS never die and always grow rich," is the sententious ending of an editorial in a New Orleans exchange, setting forth the peculiar facilities of that place as a location for tan-yards.

THE New York Times is fain to accompany the "outrages" senators as far as possible, but recalcitrates and parts company at the proposition to "remand to a territorial condition" any southern state, in this centennial year at least.

GENERAL B. L. E. BONNEVILLE, the oldest officer in the army, but now on the retired list, lives on a handsome estate near Fort Smith, Ark., which he purchased as far back as 1821. He is still hale and hearty, at eighty years of age.

THE saddest men this season in Philadelphia, are the centennial managers. When they compare their actual receipts with their expectations, the patriotism of the American people looks to them like a melancholy waste.

MRS. GRUNDY, speaking of the Saratoga races, says betting and pool-buying seems to be more prevalent among the female sex now than she had ever known them before, thousands of dollars changing hands among the fashionables on the grand stand.

GENERAL HARD TIMES is making thousands of votes for Tilden, says the Cleveland Plaindealer. People want a change. The robbers must be cleaned out at Washington; then we will have lower taxes and prosperous trade.

IN ten years the screw has entirely replaced the paddle in transatlantic navigation, the weight of marine engines has decreased one half, the steam pressure has quadrupled, and the consumption of coal has decreased two-thirds.

CINCINNATI Enquirer: After next November Carl Schurz will feel a good deal like the Kentucky planter who took his hogs to Louisville and sold them at a great loss. He said he had the satisfaction of the hogs' company on the way down.

STOKES, in Auburn prison, wants his whiskers to grow in anticipation of a discharge which he claims for September 5, but is informed that he is too soon by six weeks. He grows terribly impatient, and bears but slight resemblance now, to the society man of six years ago.

NEW deposits of guano have been discovered in the coast province of Tarapaca, in Peru, about thirteen miles south of Punta Grande roadstead, and the port for which is on the west side of the peninsula of that name. It is believed that the bed contains at least 3,000,000 tons.

A TEXAS steer weighing 2,004 pounds, and fifteen hands three inches high, has been exhibited at Fort Worth. His horns are four feet one inch in length and grace fully formed. He is the property of Winfield Scott, and will be kept till the railroad barbecue is given, and then offered as a roast offering."

SAYS the Augusta (Me.) Standard: "Business is prostrate, factories are silent, men are out of employment, after eleven years of republican rule since the close of the war. There is no hope of a return to former prosperity without reform. There is no hope of reform without a change of administration."

IT is with pleasure that the Richmond Whig is able to state that the three ablest and most influential colored ministers in that city are for Tilden and Hendricks. The Tilden and Hendricks movement is fast gaining ground among the colored people of that city.

"COMMODORE VANDERBILT," says a New York Tribune reporter, "was always very fond of cards, whist and 'point euchre.' He never played poker or gambled at the faro table. I asked him once as to the largest amount of money he ever made at whist, and he said that when the southern men were in their glory he won $20,000 in one day."

ACCORDING to the republicans it is a crime on the part of southern states to vote the democratic ticket, and it is a crime on the part of the democracy to receive the votes of southern states. The truth is that no states that are not largely republican ought to be allowed to vote. This is the only way to please the Hayes-and-Wheelerites.

THE effort to develop an export market for American cottons promises to be successful. The co-operation of mills representing a million and a half of spindles has been secured, and 60 packages of samples will soon be sent to Philadelphia for distribution among the foreign commissioners, who are to introduce them in their respective countries. The commissioners of Portugal, Italy, and Australia have ordered five extra packages. The manufacturers have already addressed a petition to Secretary Fish in reference to the protection of American trade-marks.

GENERAL HARNEY, the old Indian fighter, thinks that if the treaty made by him with the Sioux in 1854, at Fort Pierre had been carried out there would have been no war. He enlisted the Indians as United States soldiers, and gave them a certificate, of which they were very proud, and states it as a fact that in 1857, when the Indian peace commission, of which he was a member, visited the Sioux of the Upper Missouri, hundreds of middle-aged braves came into the council, and, as an evidence that they have ever been on friendly terms with the government, pulled out from their belts the original certificates issued to them by him eleven years before.

A WISCONSIN editor has faith that Tilden and Hendricks will be elected, and he manifests it by publicly advertising the following offer: "Any citizen of Monroe county, not a subscriber of the Monroe county republican and considered responsible for two dollars, can have this paper mailed to him, commencing July 4, 1876 to be paid when Tilden and Hendricks are elected president and vice president of the United States. No Tilden, no pay! This means business. Waltz right up, gentlemen, and don't be afraid of beating us out of the paper."

LET IT PASS.

Be not too swift to take offence;
Let it pass!
Anger is a foe to sense;
Let it pass!
Brood not darkly o'er a wrong
Which will disappear e'er long;
Rather sing this cheery song—
Let it pass!

Strive corrodes the purest mind;
Let it pass!
As the unregarded wind;
Let it pass!
Any vulgar soule that live
May condemn without reprieve
'Tis the noble who forgive,
Let it pass!

Echo not an angry word;
Let it pass!
Think how often you have erred;
Let it pass!
Since our days must pass away
Like the dewdrops on the spray,
Wherefore should our sorrows stay?
Let it pass!

If for good you've taken ill;
Let it pass!
Ol be kind and gentle still;
Let it pass!
Time at last makes all things straight;
Let us not resent but wait,
And our triumph shall be great;
Let it pass!

Bid your anger to depart;
Let it pass!
Lay these homely words to heart;
Let it pass!
Folly sue the giddy throng;
Better to be wronged than wrong;
Therefore sing the cheery song—
Let it pass!

LE CORISANDE,

THE BLIND BEGGAR'S DAUGHTER

BY H. K. HACKLEFORD.

CHAPTER V.

As Billy and Tom followed their benefactor out of the court room they felt that, not for him they would have been in very serious trouble. On the way back to the store Billy told Tom of his good fortune, telling him he actually had two pair of boots, two hats and three suits of new clothes. Tom thought Billy was something superior to be the possessor of such a fortune, and appeared to stand a little in awe of him.

"I tell you what you must do, Tom," said Billy, with the air of an oracle,

"What," eagerly asked Tom.

"Go to Sunday school, be a good boy and keep out of mischief, and you'll come out like I did."

"Why you don't go to Sunday school!" exclaimed Tom, not exactly comprehending Billy's logic.

"Oh, I met a little girl-angel with the biggest brown eyes you ever saw," said Billy, "and I stopped a train as it was going to run over her, and saved her life. She gave me the luck. I was a taking the apples to her when I met you yesterday."

Tom caught part of the ideas intended to be conveyed, but not all of it. He didn't understand the mystery of Billy's super-abundant wardrobe, and was about to make other inquiries when Billy stopped by a stand to purchase an apple basket.

"Your basket is at the station house, Billy," said Tom.

"You don't suppose I would sell apples in a basket that had been in the lock up, do you?"

Tom made no reply, and in a few moments they reached the store of Mr. Chalmers. Mr. Chalmers took the two boys into his private office and talked long and kindly to them. Billy, touched by the generous conduct of the merchant, and the real penitence of Tom, offered to give Tom a peck of his apples to begin business with. Mr. Chalmers commended him for the act, and in a few minutes more the two boys had their baskets filled with the luscious apples and were out on the streets, crying them. They took different streets, so as not to compete with each other, they sold rapidly, and in less than two hours they were out of stock. Billy reserved a half dozen of the finest he had.

"Thems her's" he said, looking admiringly at the beautiful golden fruit, and I'll take 'em to her now," and with that Billy started off towards the hospital, where the lovely Corisande and her blind, wounded father was. On the way he met a policeman who at once gave chase to him. But Billy did not run, and he soon felt the heavy hand of the officer on his shoulder.

"I've got you at last, my youngster," exclaimed the policeman, rudely shaking him. "Come, I want you."

"I've been to the court and was cleared," said Billy, "and you've no business to bother me now."

"You can't pull that brush of wood over my eyes," said the officer, "come along."

Billy thought he would never get done with the police, and that every time he started towards the hospital to see Corisande they would get after him and run him off. He went back to the station house and was released, of course, but was as mad as a hornet. He fully and freely expressed his opinion of the whole force. They told him to stop or they would arrest him and lock him up.

"Oh yes!" he retorted sarcastically, "you don't do nothing else but catch little boys. You just hide out when you see a man a coming. You ought to be sent ont to fight the grass-hoppers."

Here one of the officers gave chase and Billy took to his heels. The officer only aimed to run him off, and followed him a block. Billy then went on unmolested. He reached the hospital gate, was admitted on informing those in charge that he had some apples for the old blind man and his daughter. He was shown to the ward where they were, and there he saw the old man lying on a cot, his pallid wan face turned towards the window; and Corisande sitting by his side, like a beautiful, watching statue. She did not see him, she was in a deep reverie, looking over the bed out of the window. Billy stood a few feet from her, drinking in the glorious beauty of her face and wonderful eyes, which neither suffering or hunger had determined. At last he said:

"Corisande!"

She quickly turned her head and gazed at him. She did not recognize in the well-dressed youth before her, the ragged, dirty, daring little hero of yesterday, until he spoke again:

"Don't you know me, Corisande," he asked.

"Yes she exclaimed, springing to her feet and seizing his hand, with tears filling her eyes, "but I didn't at first. I have been thinking of you all the time since yesterday, and I prayed for you last night and this morning. I am so glad you have come."

"How is your papa?" he asked, not knowing what else to say to the lovely girl. His heart was all in a flutter.

"He is very ill, the doctor says," and the poor girl turned a shade paler as she turned and looked at the wan face of the sleeper.

"See," said Billy, holding the basket so she could see the golden colored apples. "I have brought you some nice apples."

"Oh, I am so glad!" and the grateful look she gave him with those great soulful eyes paid him more than a bushel of such apples were worth to him. "I know papa will like them. He is so fond of them."

"But you must eat some too," said Billy, laying the apples in the chair on which she had been sitting.

Corisande's eyes fairly sparkled with pleasure as she gazed at the luscious fruit in the chair before her. It was a treat she had not expect, and was so grateful for. Billy picked up one—the finest in the lot—and holding it up said:

"I'll peel it for you, and—"

"Not that one, please," she said, interrupting him. "Save that one for papa. He is so fond of them."

Billy looked over at the pale face of the blind sleeper a moment, and then again at the young girl before him. As those great brown eyes of hers beamed upon them with their look of fathomless sadness, Billy Goss thought her an angel come down from heaven to take care of the old blind beggar. He couldn't help thinking so. Without a word in reply he laid down the apple, and took up the poorest one in the lot, though there were no poor ones there, and commenced paring it for her.

"Billy," she asked, softly, "where did you get them?"

"Get what?" he asked in surprise, not comprehending her at first.

"These apples?"

"Oh!" and a smile lighted up his countenance. "I buy them from Mr. Chalmers and sells them on the streets every day. I saved these for you—and your father," he added, seeing her whole existence was wrapped up in him.

She seemed greatly relieved, and took the apple and ate it. She tried hard to eat it slowly, as if she did not wish him to know she was hungry, but Billy saw that she was half starved. He peeled another for her, which she ate in silence. Billy was happy in thus contributing to her comfort and pleasure.

"You sat up all night, didn't you?" he asked suddenly, when she had half eaten the second apple.

"Yes," she replied; "Papa was very ill;" and the great brown eyes filled with tears.

"Is he better now?"

"I don't know."

"Ain't you sleepy?"

"Yes; but I can't sleep any."

"Why can't you?"

"I'm afraid papa would want me, and think I had gone away."

"Corisande," said Billy, with tears of sympathy for such devotion. "You lay down and sleep and I'll set here and watch for your"

"Billy!" and the girl laid her hand on his arm, whilst tears streamed down her cheeks, "you are so kind—more kind than any one else to us—and I pray for you every night and morning. I have nowhere to sleep. They wanted to send me away when they brought papa here, but I would not go, and they just give me bread and water and nowhere to sleep. But I won't leave my poor papa!"

Bill now wept tears of sympathy, and hastily threw off his coat, doubled it up carefully so as to make a comfortable pillow of it, and laid it on the floor by the side of the blind beggar's cot.

"There!" he said, "lay down there and sleep, and I'll keep watch for you."

"Will you wake me up if papa wakes?" she asked.

"Yes, if you want me to."

"Yes, wake me up then."

Corisande laid herself down on the clean floor and was soon sound asleep, being almost exhausted with watching and hunger. Billy sat by the cot and gazed first on one and then the other of the two sleepers. How unlike they were yet how noble they were in their poverty. He looked at the scant clothing of Corisande, her naked feet, delicate, tender and tiny, and her little hands, slender and tapering, browned by exposure, and then thought of his own cheerless life; his desperate struggles for mere existence in the wide ocean of humanity. He could not help wondering, in his mind, what would become of her if her father should die. Hour after hour he sat there, and the two, father and daughter, slept peacefully, sweetly. He grew tired and sleepy himself, but like the brave little hero he was, he would neither sleep or forsake his post.

After a while he noticed the pale sleeper on the couch moving his lips as if speaking in a whisper, though he lay still as death, with his eyes closed. He listened. He could catch a word here and there, and his curiosity was excited. The old blind beggar was actually conversing with some one. Billy rose to his feet and leaning forward placed his ear close to the lips of the speaker. He heard every word then.

"Yes," whispered the blind man, "it is rest—rest for me forever—and my soul liveth and praiseth God! How beautiful! Shall I cross over now? Yes? Oh, how glad I am! I've been waiting so long. Though I am blind I've been waiting for Immanuel to come after me. Did you say He will meet me on the other side of the river? Yes! And that they are all there? How wonderful, the love of Jesus! He cometh to meet the old blind beggar, with a crown in His hand and shining robes! Corisande! must I leave her behind? Blessed Lord, take her too! You will watch over her? Guide her? Yes I am content. Let's cross over now? It's so beautiful over there and——"

"Corisande!" exclaimed Billy, white as a sheet and with tears streaming down his face, as he shook the sleeping girl on the floor by the coat, "Corisande! Corisande! Wake up quick!"

"Eh! papa!" said she half awake, and rising on her elbow, scarcely half awake.

"Wake up, Corisande," said Billy, giving her another shake. "I think your father is dying. Come, get up quick!"

"Papa! Papa!" cried Corisande, springing to her feet and glancing first at her father and then at Billy Goss, rubbing her eyes vigorously, as if trying to wake herself more thoroughly.

She was soon wide awake, and then looking inquiringly up at Billy, quietly asked:

"What's the matter, Billy?"

"I think he is dying," replied Billy, pointing towards her father.

With a start and a gasp Corisande gazed at her parent long and silently. Her self-possession was wonderful in one so young. Her face turned a shade paler as she saw the motions of his lips.

"He is only taking in his sleep," she whispered to Billy, while still gazed upon his pallid features.

"But his is talking with the angels," whispered Billy in return. "I heard him, and so can you, if you will put your ear close to his mouth."

Corisande placed a hand on her heart, as if to still its wild throbbing, and leaned over to place her ear near to the lips of the sleeper. As the soft accents fell on her ears her face became rigid in its marble whiteness. With a wild cry she fell to the floor in a death-like swoon.

"Oh, Lord!" exclaimed Billy at the top of his voice, the tears streaming from his eyes, "she's dead! Corisande is dead!"

Several nurses and inmates of the hospital came running forward to ascertain the cause of his cries.

"What's the matter?" cried one of the nurses.

"She's dead!" exclaimed Billy, pointing to the insensible form of the little girl on the floor, "and her father is dying!"

The matron of the hospital took Corisande in her arms and carried her off to an empty cot, at the farther end of the room.

"Run for the doctor," she said to one of the attendan's, "she has only fainted."

The doctor was soon by the side of the insensible Corisande, and proceeded at once to administer proper restoratives; in a few minutes she was restored to consciousness.

"Oh, my papa! my dear papa!" were the first words that escaped her lips when she opened her eyes. "Let me go to him." And springing away from the doctor and matron she ran back to the side of her father. The old man suddenly opened his eyes, turned their sightless eyes upon her, smiled and said:

"Corisande, my child, I am going away. I am going to your mother and to our Savior in heaven. You must not grieve for me, for you would not have me stay here where all is dark and dreary. I cannot see here, but over there I can see everything, and everything is so beautiful and bright there. I have been standing on the margin of the river where it cast up its silvery spray at my feet, talking with the angels. They tell me to have no fears for you, as they will hover over you, guide you and at last bring you over across the beautiful river to your mother and me. I am happy now, Corisande, and you must rejoice and thank God your old blind father resteth in Jesus forever. Sweet, sweet rest, Corisande, and God will bring you home, too, if you will be good and love Him always. I am going to leave you in the wide, wide world, Corisande, with none of earth to care for you, and"—

"I will care for her, sir," sobbed Billy Goss, interrupting the dying man, and kneeling by the bedside.

"Oh! Who was that spoke, Corisande?" asked the old man quickly.

"It was Billy Goss, papa," said Corisande. "The little boy who caught the horses the other day. He is here, and brought us some nice apples."

"Yes, yes, I remember," murmured the dying man. "The angels will raise up friends for you, my darling. Give me your hands, children," and as the dying beggar held out his hands Corisande and Billy placed theirs in them. He pressed them together, murmuring:

"Love God, love each oth r, and b good children, and meet me in heaven. I must go now, for the angels are coming for me. Corisande! Cori——" A gasp, and all was over with the old blind beggar. He was at rest at last, and Corisande lay insensible across his cold clay.

M. UNT DE CHANTAL.

The Very School for Hard Times.

Philadelphia Item.

WHEELING, W. V., July 25.—Hard times! Hard times! This is the cry that comes to our ears from all directions; and in response to a complaint that is heard even above the din of cannon, bells and every variety of roar with which we have sought to commemorate our boasted centennial, Mount de Chantal comes to the rescue. Children must be educated, not superficially but thoroughly, and this is what Mount de Chantal pledges itself to do at such a low rate as must arrest the attention of all who know how to value, as it deserves, the best inheritance they can leave their children. Cheap schools are to be found all over the country, but too often the teaching is on a level with the terms, or the diet is so poor and scanty that the health of children becomes seriously impaired.

Such institutions of learning not unfrequently remind one of the laughable anecdote related of Gen. Scott. During the war in Florida with the Seminoles, the general, victimized by rheumatism, was ordered by his physician to take an aid-de-camp with him, and travel on horseback with as much speed as the roads would permit, until the exercise brought relief. A mule, with large sad dlebags containing sufficient rations, constituted the entire baggage train. After riding some distance, the general and his companion dismounted, and, seated by a running stream, were enjoying their frugal meal, when a half civilized Indian drew near and was invited to partake of their refreshment. In the course of conversation, the general inquired: "What do you do for a living?"

"Why," said the Indian, very simply, "I preach." "Preach!" exclaimed the general, in great surprise, "What do you get for that?" "About twenty shillings a month," was the reply. "But that's d—d poor pay," said the old soldier. "Aye!" but it's d—d poor preach too!" rejoined the Indian, at which unexpected witticism the general burst into a fit of laughter, so violent and prolonged as threw him into a profuse perspiration, and greatly relieved his pains. In order to prove that Mount de Chantal is not like the Indian, we have only to refer to those among its patrons who can bear testimony to the solid and brilliant education imparted by the ladies in charge. Mrs. Admiral Dahlgren, of Washington, D. C., the Baroness von Overbeck, herself a graduate of the institution; G. P. Axtelly, the artist, whose three oldest daughters were educated there *exclusively*, as well as two younger ones, until the removal of the family to Europe. In Philadelphia, Francis Drexel, Esq., of the banking company; Gen. R. E. Patterson, Gen. Abercrombie, of Long Island; and William McGrath, Esq., one of the directors of the union passenger line, whose three daughters have been there for several years.

Until the times are easier, Mount de Chantal will give the entire English and French course, with board, washing, etc., for only $200 the scholastic year, while music on the piano, taught in the style that usually commands enormous prices in our large cities, will be given for only $12 a quarter, and other accomplishments in the same proportion. In addition to all this the fare is such as to more than satisfy the most exacting parent. The produce of the extensive grounds attached to the academy supplies the table with every variety of fresh vegetable and fruits according to the season, while the dairy offers an abundance of milk without any extra charge, for such as cannot take tea or coffee. The charming location of Mount de Chantal, overlooking the beautiful Wheeling valley, and its great facilities for exercise in the open air, offer unwonted inducements to such parents as realize that education obtained at the expense of health is of no avail. A letter addressed to Mary Agnes Gubert, the directress of Mount de Chantal, near Wheeling, W. Va., will secure a catalogue or prospectus with much more information than can be compressed in a brief notice like this.

A. PARENT.

By Joyner & Ellis.
AUCTIONEERS.
FINE FURNITURE AT AUCTION.
ON WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., 9½ o'clock, we will sell in front of store for account of a genteel family, 1 Walnut (Marble) Bed-room Set, Parlor and Dining-room Furniture, Stove, Mattresses, with many other house-furnishing goods. Also, a desirable lot of Groceries, Notions, &c.
aug13-2t

ONLY A NICKEL!

THE SUNDAY MORNING HERALD
FRESH!
BRIGHT!
SPARKLING!
NEWS!
FILLED every Sunday morning with the cream and spice of the week, the freshest gleanings from the newsfields, and the brightest gems from the literary world.
No argument is necessary to convince advertisers that it is the very best medium through which to communicate with the people. Everybody has time to read it on Sunday. Make out your advertisements.
FIRST APPEARANCE, AUGUST 20.
aug13-tf

BRICK FOR SALE.
BEST CITY BRICK at lowest cash prices. Also, Chattahoochee River Brick, plain and pressed. Not excelled in Georgia north of Macon or Augusta. The river brick for pavements are unsurpassed. Apply at yard on Collins street, rear of Col. John T. Grant's residence, or at W. D. Grant's new building, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets.
aug13-1w J. T. & W. D. GRANT.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.
WE have received our second supply this season of Boist's and Landreth's Turnip Seed.

Warranted Crop of 1876.
Ruta Baga, Red Top, Flat Dutch, Seven Top, White Globe, Norfolk, and Forrester. We recommend the latter as the best for winter use in this climate.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale Druggists.

100 kegs English Soda,
25 bags Black Pepper,
10 bags Allspice,
10 bags Race Ginger,
Lorillard's Snuff in Jars and Packages.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
aug13-dtf Wholesale Druggists.

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. ☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A good farm of 209¾ acres, half cleared, very good improvements, five miles from Atlanta, good road—only $2,500 00 cash. Address D. S., Whitehall street. 1t

I DESIRE to rent my five room house, besides servants' room and kitchen, corner of Cooper and Jones streets. Gas all through the house with fine well of water. Fruit trees, grapes, Raspberries, strawberries and find garden. Price, $40 00 per month. R. O. Douglass, of Love, Douglass & Dallas. aug 3-dsun-thursun

MONEY IN IT—For sale, a property for $2000 in three payments. Guaranteed to yield a profit of $1500 per year. Address "Money," this office. aug13-d1t

WANTED TO BUY HOUSE AND LOT. House with about four rooms and large lot, convenient to street cars (in Northern part of city preferred) worth $1000 00 to $1500 00. Payments monthly except $250 00 in January, 1877. Address giving street, number and price. N. H. R., 160 Collins street. aug13-d1t

LOST—$25 REWARD—A double case Gold Watch with Gold Chain. My name, in full, is engraved on inside of case; the second-hand is missing; has plain white dial. The above reward will be paid to any one returning it to J. Ben Wilson, No. 61 Broad street. aug13-d3

Received and in store.

Haviland's & Co.'s, of Limoges, France, plain, decorated chamber, dinner, and tea sets, in China.

T. R. Boote's, of Barslem, Staffordshire, England, (best known maker of England) white granite dinner ware.

Cheminaud Bro.'s, of Hamey, C. C. ware.

John Edward's, of Tenson Staff, heavy hotel, also light Havre porcelian ware.

Mason's porcelain-lined and the well known gem jars, jelly tumblers, stone jars, butter jabs, porcelain-lined yellow ware.

Mercerat and Knockedpot, such as want good wares are invited to come and examine. Goods sold only for cash, thereby no per centage is laid on for loss es, at HENRY SELTZER'S,

Corner Broad and Walton streets.

aug6 d3m sun&thur-o-g-n

An Elegant Publication.

The August issue of Andrews' Bazar is filled with the most entertaining reading matter, including fashion, literature, and society affairs. Among its many handsome illustrations is one representing the fashions of a hundred years ago, the prominent figures being gentleman and "Lady" Washington. Both are dressed in plainer attire than the other members of the party represented. For ourself we prefer the present styles, with all their objectionable features, to the prevailing fashions of that early period.

We notice the name of Mrs. Mary B. Dodge, of New York (who expects to visit the south during the present season), attached to several prominent articles in this twenty page centennial number. Several able boooks reviews from her graceful pen are followed by an interesting dissertation on "Our summer exodus," in which she treats of seaside and mountain pleasure and health resorts with much sprightliness and good humor. After her proposed visit to Tybee, Toccoa, Tallulah, Kennesaw and Lookout mountain in our own state, she can write a still better article on that subject.

Her letter from the centennial is deeply interesting and in refering to it the editor says of Mrs. Dodge: "She is a lady of rare literary attainments, whose ready poetical pen has won for her an enviable reputation the union over." Of Bayard Taylor's centennial poem Mrs. D. writes this: "Paul H. Hayne, our southern poet of longest living fame, was right when a little while since he was heard to say that he had no fears for the result of this expected ode in such able hands; for Mr Taylor, in pure force of imagination, rhetorically embodied, is unsurpassed among our American poets, unless by Lowell."

The purest literary gem in this issue of the Bazar's is a charming sonnet by Mrs. Margaret J. Preston, the sweet and gifted poetess of Virginia, which is entitled "Hestia." We commend its beautiful and hallowed sentiments to the careful consideration of our numerous readers:

Oh! gentle goddess of Grecian hearth,
Whose altar was the cheerful table spread,
Whose sacrifice the pleasant daily bread,
Offered with sweet incense of childhood's mirth,
And parent's priestly ministrations, worth
More than all other rites that ever shed
Light on the path that those young feet must tread,
Has thy pure worship ceased from off the earth?

We heap new fires, we overbrim the bowl,
We pile the board. At our most sacred shrine,
The world holds revel. Far and wide we roam
For better things than household oil and wine;
Yet go unblest. And why? Because the coal
That kindles comes not from the fire of 'Home.'

The Georgia Watermelon Trade.

N. Y. Bulletin.

The watermelon trade of Georgia, or rather of Richmond county of that state, does not give promise of returning to the producers the usual rates of profit. "rattle-snake" melon of this county has gained a fame of no mean interest in nearly all parts of the United State, where southern fruit is sold and it is not due to any disfavor, that the farmers are to have lighter pockets than usual. The great trouble appears to be in consequence of the short crop this year, the yield being now estimated at not greater than one-third of a full crop. Many causes this season go to make this deficiency, chief among which were the late frost and backward spring, and the unseasonable weather after the plants were up and growing. There are at present in Atlanta at least half a dozen agents from other places, who remain there during the season for the purpose of buying and shipping melons to distant points. Atlanta buys upon an average three car loads a day, while thousands are daily shipped to Nashville, Louisville, Chicago and other western cities by agents detailed for the purpose. At this season an average 25 pound melon is bought by the wagon load at about 12 to 13 cents apiece. The freight from Atlanta to the west is about 16 cents each. Some dealers in this city have shipped as high as 15,000 melons each per day, for several days during the flood tide of this season.

Don't Poison Your System

With such hurtful drugs as quinine, calomel, or blue pills, but take instead that safe prompt and agreeable substitute, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, whether it is used to remedy or prevent malarial fevers, overcome general debility, orto correct torpidity of the liver and bowels, will in every case be found fully adequate to the wants of the sick and feeble. It entirely removes dyspeptic symptoms, and by stimulating the flow of gastric juice, facilitates digestion and insures the conversion of food into blood, whereby the system is efficiently nourished and regains its lost vigor. This great vegetable restorative has received the endorsement of men of science, the press has repeatedly borne voluntary testimony to its existence, and the public has long since given it the preference to every medicine of its kind. aug 2—d&w1w

List of Letters

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga, Aug. 13, 1876. Persons callingfor any of said letters will please say advertised and the date.

LADIES.

B—Miss Alace Black, Miss Maggie Barnett, Mis Caroline Bryant, Miss Shollot Belve, Miss Jan Boyd.

C—Miss Mary Childs, Miss Gertrude, Cowner, Mrs T J Campbell, Miss Lunelnda Cloud, Mrs L M Conley.

D—Miss Dickey, Miss Hettie D Daniel, Miss Lucy Dillion.

E—Mrs Sarah Edwards.

F—Miss Mary Fitzgibbon.

G—Mrs Mattie Garrison, Fannie Grant, Mrs Elzy Green.

H—Miss Edie Hix, Mrs Sarah E Hunter.

J—Miss Rosets Johnson, Mrs Sallie Jennings.

L—Miss Sarah Lee, Miss L J Lanson.

M—Miss Mollie May, Mrs M F Meggs, Mrs Carrie Mitchell, Mrs Sarah Manley, Carrie McDaniel, Mrs Louisa Menton.

N—Miss Mattie A Newton, Mrs W M Nichols.

P—Miss Charlotte P Patterson, Miss Mollie L Poindexter.

R—Miss Virginia Rolls, Miss Nannie Reed, Miss Savannah Rawles.

S—Miss Ann Stribblen, Miss Mollie Scott, Miss Ella St Clair, Miss Tempy Shaw, Miss Laura Small.

T—Mrs Anna Taylor, Mrs L Tiller.

W—Miss Etta Wood, Mrs Harriet Walker, Mrs W H West, Miss Lucy Walker.

GENTLEMEN.

A—Dick Anderson.

B—M B Bovell, Anthony Boyd, Mark Ball, N Brown Charley Bowden, J C Bartley, J T Brandon, Vol Bodie, W T Bridges.

C—Cop Crease, Pinkey Corsey, R Cne.

D—Sandy M Dunn, G Dulhl, Jesse N Dunn, Jno F DeLacy.

F—Rev D Fraser.

G—Alex Gammon, Meses Goodrum, Taney Grant.

H—William Hammond, Col I J Harris 2, F S Hunt, J H Holland, L H Harris, L F Helander, Henry Huck.

K—C C King.

L—Oliver Lick, Oliver Lanton, G W Lewis, W Y Langford.

M—E Morseley, R M Mills, Wm G McKeer.

N—Chas Nesbit.

R—Manson Riley, Berry Rumsey, D n Richardson, J M Russell, T F Rakestraw, W G Robinson.

S—Barney Phoen, B Sylvan, J B Seawell, J H Stillman, W H Scost, Alyenon Schell, William Stephens.

T—Jesse Thomas.

W—Augustus Wright, Willingham & Dunn, Chas Wilson, Rev Wright, Jno White, Col Jno Walton, W A Wiley, W L Winter, A M Word.

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VERVOUS DEBILITY.

What Medicine do you require: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Best and twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers: Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $3 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

jun22—2eodlwly

Business Cards.

R DOVER,

Practical Slater,

16 Dc. 1Street, near the Bridge,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA

PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the Best Roofing Slates and of Different Colors always on hand. Slating done in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited. mr10,1876—d1y

Similia Similibus Curantur.

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july12,1876—dly

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Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,

FLOUR, &c. Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street.

apr30,1876—d1y

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DENTISTS.

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June1 7, 1876—dly

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Dentist,

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ARTHUR C. FORD,

DENTIST

69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.

McDonough Street Cars pass the door.

Lawyers.

JOHN L. HOPKINS. JOHN T. GLENN.

HOPKINS & GLENN,

Attorneys at Law,

ATLANTA, GA.

aug6—d1m

T. H. S. BROBSTON,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

ROOM No. 3 Austell's building, corner Pryor and Decatur streets. aug8,1876—d6m

JOHN W. OWEN,

Attorney at Law,

TOCCOA CITY, GA.

WILL practice in the counties of Habersham, Hall, Banks and Franklin. Special attention given to collections. aug1,1876—d6m

J. S. JAMES,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James, Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.

dec10,1875—d&w12m

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY.

MARLER & PERRY,

Attorneys at Law,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties.

june20,1876—dly

H. W. BALDWIN,

Attorney at Law,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese. Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo. W. Adair. june9—dtf

POPE BARROW,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted. jan25, 1876—d1y

JOHN V. EDGE,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASVILLE, GA.

WILL practice in Douglas, Campbell, Carroll and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections. june22,1876—d6mo

JACKSON & THOMAS,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 4 Broad Street, ATHENS, GA.

WILL practice in the Courts of the State. march 1, 1876—d1y

HENRY C. RONEY,

Attorney at Law,

THOMSON, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Augusta, Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the State. Prompt attention given to collections dec25—dtf

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr.,

Attorney at Law,

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

PROMPT attention given to business. Sept. —d1y

C. A. THORNWELL,

Attorney at Law,

ROME, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention collections. mar10,1876—d12m

J. A. McWHORTER,

Attorney at Law,

GREENSBORO, GEORGIA

WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the Courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Collection of claims a specialty. march12,1876—d1y

O. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

mar12—dtf

HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of Supreme Court. J. H. LUMPKIN.

JACKSON & LUMPKIN,

Attorneys at Law,

21½ ALABAMA STREET.

PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts. Special attention given to business before the supreme Court. mar9—dtf

JAMES A. HARLEY,

Attorney at Law,

SPARTA, GEORGIA.

aug9—d1y

EDWARD J. REAGAN,

Attorney at Law,

HAMPTON, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections.

nov9.1875—d1y

J. A ASSLEY,

Attorney at Law

AMERICUS, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections:

oct15,1875—d1y

Livery Stables.

Cumming Hack Line

Connection with the

U. S. Mail.

I will run a regular 2-horse Hack from Cumming to Duluth, leaving Cumming Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Duluth, 3 p. m. Leaves Duluth Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 10½ a. m, arriving at Cumming, 3 p. m. I will also, on every Friday, carry passengers and light freight from Cumming to Aurrarl, connecting with the

Gainesville and Dahlonega Hack

Good conveyance can be furnished to any neighboring towns from Cumming. Careful Drivers.

aug1—dtf ROBT. A. CAMP, Proprietor.

New Livery Stable

Opened out at

Mt. Airy, Ga.

In connection with the the Stable at Clarkesville, for the traveling public, by

CHURCH & JONES.

PARTIES visiting Clarkesville, Nacoochee Valley, Tallulah Falls, etc., will always find good Hacks at Mt. Airy or Clarkesville.

Hacks always Ready

At the arrival of each train, North and East.

aug1—dtf CHURCH & JONES.

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$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

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New Buffalo Bill Revolver

Sent with 100 Cartridges for $3 Full Nickle Plate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Illustrated Catalogue FREE. WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill., 69 Dearborn street. (McCormick Block.) P. O. Box 5540.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

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PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING! How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

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ENERY ADVERTISER NEEDS IT.

july18—d&w4w

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P. & G. T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta. ar21-d&wtf

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ENGINES, PORTABLE AND STATIONARY,

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may2—d&wtm

GENERAL AGENCY

—OF THE—

American Cotton Tie

COMPANY, LIMITED.

47 CARONDELET ST., New Orleans, July 22, 1876.

TO PLANTERS AND DEALERS IN COTTON TIES

PLEASE take notice, that whereas there are being offered for sale in your locality by parties not licensed by us Iron Cotton Ties with buckles having an open slot through one bar of the buckle leading into a mortise. We caution you not to make use or sell any such Ties either with new Buckles or hands, or so-called second-hand Buckles in combination with new or pieced Bands, unless bought from or through our duly authorized agents.

Our Arrow and other Open Slot Buckles for several years past have been sold and stamped "Licensed to use once only."

Our attorneys are instructed to bring suit against all persons violating our patent rights.

For the American Cotton Tie Company, Limited

F. COOK, Gen'l Legal Agent.

Agents in Atlanta:

WILLIAMS, LANGSTON & CRANE,

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY.

aug6-d1m

WM. TRAUTWEIN,

No. 22 Mitchell Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

I am prepared to do any kind of work in

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting,

COPPER,

Brass, Sheet Iron and Tin

All orders promptly attended to.

july16—d1m

Shingles! Shingles!

ALL HEART Southwest Georgia Pine Shingles Oak Posts,

Pine and Poplar Lumber,

For sale low, by

July23—dtf A. CUNNINGHAM.

Important to Parents and Guardians.

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation,

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first-class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of this celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this institution have been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($90 per annum,) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.

jan —d3nwly

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MT. VERNON INSTITUTE,

No. 26 N. Vernon Place,

BALTIMORE,

Established in 1850.

MRS. MARY J. JONES and MISS MARTLAND, Principals. English, French, and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls. The school will re-open September 21st. Circulars with references on application. aug1—d1m

Notre Dame of Maryland

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.

CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution is most desirably located 3 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with every accessory for health and comfort. The system of education pursued is designed to develop the mental, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them REFINED, ACCOMPLISHED and USEFUL members of society. In the regular course, which includes the German and French languages, number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.

PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.

YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen positive applications are made before the 25th of August.

Educational advantages are the same for all. For particulars, send for Catalogue.

july4—d10w

Augusta Female Seminary,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

The academic term of this institution begins on the first Wednesday in September, and closes on the corresponding day in June following. This is the largest first-class institution in Virginia for young ladies. It has a corps of twenty-five officers and teachers. The English course is extensive and thorough. Advantages for music, languages, drawing, and painting cannot be surpassed. For catalogue containing full particulars, apply to Miss MARY J. BALDWIN, Principal

july18—d1m

KIRKWOOD HIGH SCHOOL.

A Boarding School for Boys,

CHAS. M. NEEL, Rector.

THE exercises of the next session will begin on the 14th of August. The members of the school board with the teacher and receive constant attention in their department. Diligence is required, and boys of bad character are returned to their friends. All of the influences which surround the students are elevating; the course of instruction is complete; the system of instruction is analytic. The Board of Trustees of University of Georgia offer to the member of this school, standing highest, free tuition for three years in the University.

Board and Tuition, Fall Session, $104 in advance. Library fee $1.

For circulars or information address Chas M. Neel, Box 493, Atlanta; or W. J. Northen, Mt Zion, Ga. july23—d1m

Bellevue High School,

Bedford County, Virginia.

ON Va. & Tenn R. R., 15 miles west of Lynchburg Full corps of Teachers. High and healthy location. Pupils members of the family. Sessions begins September 15. For Catalogues or desired information, apply to

WILLIAM B. ABBOTT, Principal.

july11—d&w2m Bellevue P. O.

THE MISSES SKINNER

Will open in Atlanta, September 14, a

School of High Order

—FOR—

Young Ladies and Children.

Application can be made to the Principal after August 15th, Mrs. Dr. Johnson's, 79 Marietta street. Reference—Rev. Mr. Foute, Atlanta, Ga. aug3—dtf

WESLEYAN

FEMALE COLLEGE,

MACON, GA.

The Thirty-ninth Annual Session will begin

Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1876,

with a full Faculty of Professors and Teachers

THIS IS A

HOME INSTITUTION

of the highest grade. Its long list of graduates found in every part of the South is its best recommendation.

Advantages, educational, social and religious, unsurpassed.

For particulars address

REV. W. C. BASS, D.D., President, or REV. C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary.

july25—d2m

Virginia Military Institute

A limited number of vacancies will exist in this well known Institution. Those wishing appointments as cadets will address, without delay,

Gen. FRANCIS H. SMITH, Sup't

aug4—d6t&wdw Lexington, Va.

Emory College.

THE FALL TERM of this long-established Institution opens Wednesday, September 6, with a thorough Curriculum and a Full Faculty.

Tuition: $25 00 for the Fall Term.

Board, including fuel and lights, from $16 00 to $20 per month.

For further information address the President

ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD, aug13—d1m Oxford, Ga.

EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHTERS.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Parents having daughters to send off the first of September next, will not find a school of higher scholastic advantages, or, more careful family training, than Ward's Seminary, in the healthy and beautiful city of Nashville.

Testimonials from patrons—many of them eminent men in almost every Southern State—can be given. But eleven years of success is its best testimonial.

Next session opens September 4th. For Catalogue address Dr. W. E. WARD.

aug4—d2w&w3m

Catoosa Springs for Sale.

RARE CHANCE for INVESTMENT

By consent of all parties in interest, will be sold on

Thursday, Sept. 21, 1876,

at public outcry, at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises at Catoosa Springs, Georgia, the following valuable real estate, to-wit:

All that tract or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon, known as CATOOSA SPRINGS, situate, lying and being in Catoosa county, Georgia, containing 230 acres, more or less, and adjoining lands of Harris Cotten Nichols and H. H. Hickman.

The improvements are first-class and consisting of two large HOTELS, numerous cottages, and necessary outbuildings. There are numerous

Mineral Springs

on the premises, which are famed fos their curative properties.

The property can be traded for at private sale until day of sale. Terms cash. Purchasers to pay for papers. Titles guaranteed!

Parties desiring to inspect this fine property are referred to S. C. Homesby, on the premises, or to Geo. W. Sapp, Dalton, Georgia.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Augusta, Ga., in person or by letter.

H. H. HICKMAN.

August 1, 1877. aug3—dtd

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Thirty years experience in the treatment of Sexual and Chronic Diseases of both sexes.

Dr. BUTTS' Marriage Guide.

A Physiological View of Marriage for the married and those contemplating marriage, on the organization of reproduction and the secret infirmities of both sexes, with numerous illustrations of good and unwholesome. An illustrated book of 200 pages for 25 cts, in plain sealed envelope. Address as above.

A Dr. BUTTS' MEDICAL TREATISE on all diseases of a Private Nature in both sexes, the abuses and disorders of the sexual system, and the means of cure, 150 pages with engravings, sent under seal for 25 cts.

MEDICAL ADVICE on Sexual and Chronic Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Catarrh, Cancer, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., a 50 page book sent under seal for 10 cts. All three books containing 450 pages and everything worth knowing on the subject, sent securely sealed on receipt of 60 cts. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary No. 12 N. 8th st. St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE SECRETS,

DR. BOERHAVE'S Marriage Guide illustrated with numerous engravings from life teaches all the intricacies of the Marriage Relations of Courtship, Marriage, the Honeymoon, Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual system, how to cure all kind of Diseases, Secret Infirmities of both sexes, who should marry, the requirements to marriage, their nature and cure. Treats on all diseases, fully explaining their causes and symptoms, and is the only known truthful scientific work of the kind ever published, and is confidently recommended by the medical faculty. Sent sealed on receipt of 50 cts. Address Dr. BOERHAVE, 659 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

An Illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor for the married and marriageable, on the physiology of the sexual system, its abuses, etc., showing the cause of sterility, source of reproduction, how to be happy married, directions for choice of companion, etc., and how to avoid the evils of ignorance, and secret indulgence, which no one can afford to be without, and which every young and middle aged man should read, and preserve, as it contains information

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mar29-dtf

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We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of home, stead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office.

apr21—dtf

Asphalt Side Walk.

As cheap as brick. For sample and references call at office, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

july21—d3m

Wonderful Success

It is reported that BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUPS has, since its introduction in the United States, reached the immense sale of 6,000 dozen per year. Over 5,000 druggists have ordered this medicine direct from the factory, at Woodbury, N. J., and not one have reported a single failure, but every letter speaks of its astonishing success in curing, coughs, colds settled on the throat, consumption, or any disease of throat and lungs. We advise any person that has any predisposition to weak lungs, to go to their druggists, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale agents, and get this medicine, or inquire about it. Regular size, 75 cents; sample bottle, 10 cents. Two doses will relieve any case. Don't neglect your cough. apr2-deod&way

Coal! Coal! Coal!

COAL CREEK COAL,
SUWANEE COAL,
SODDY COAL.

Either of the above coals at very LOW RATES during the summer. With daily receipts I am prepared to fill all orders with dispatch. Orders solicited. Office and Yard near the Post-office, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

JNO. F. EDWARDS,
july9—dsun-wed&fri3mo Agent.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

W. S. Grisham

Sells the best Lump "Black Diamond COAL CREEK COAL," 56 Alabama street, Atlanta, Georgia aug9—deodtf

Montevallo Coal.

The genuine ssmon pure original Montevallo Coal. The best selected Lump ever shipped to this market. Send in your orders and get a car load or more. SCIPLE & SONS,

aug13—dlt 59 Decatur street.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

We are in daily receipt of Montevallo, Cahaba, and Coal Creek Coal. If you want a car load or more of the best, nicest selected Lump to be had, of either of the above three Coals, order from SCIPLE & SONS,

aug13—dlt 59 Decatur street.

New Advertisements.

For sheriff—A. M. Perkerson.
Change of schedule—D. Steinheimer
Montevallo coal—Sciple & Sons.
Barbecue—Peter Berron.
Unclaimed letters—Benjamin Conley.
For mayor—Dr. N. L. Angier.
A school wanted—Teacher.
Situation wated—R S C.
Iron safe wanted—Shropshire & Co.
The barbecue—Peter Berron.
Our candidates—D. Steinheimer.
English soda—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Pair mules for sale—Sciple & Sons.
Cottage for rent—Thomas Finley.
Store and rooms for rent—Dr. S. F. Salter.
Farm for sale—W. F. Herring.
Office furniture for sale—C. H. Strong.
$80,000 bankrupt stock—Albert Howell.
Coal—Sciple & Sons.
Fun ahead—Atlanta dramatic association.
Our ticket—D. Steinheimer.
Correspondence—M. R. Ragsdale.
Still closing out—John Keely.
Cheap goods—W. H. Brotherton.
City church directory for this day.
School resumed—J. A Richardson.
Georgia state lottery—E. S. Morris.
School of high order—Misses Skinner.
Furniture at auction—Joyner & Ellis.
Houses for rent—C. C. Hammock.
Only a nickle—Sunday Herald,
Turnip seeds—Hunt, Rankin & Lamar.
Furnitrure—H. W. Thomas.
Brick for sale—J. T. & W. G. Grant.
Centennial excursion—Thomas McGill.
House for rent—Apply to Mihalvitch
Store and house for rent—D. Gassey.
House for rens—Apply at Booth's shop.
Rooms and board—Mrs. Z. E. Harman.
Farm for sale—D.
House for rent—R. O. Douglass.
Money in it—Money.
Wanted to buy house and lot—N. H. P.
Lost, $25 reword—J. Ben Wilson.
To democratic voters of Fulton—J. E. Williams
For tax receiver—A. G. Grier.
For the legislature—M. J. Ivy.
For tax collector—W. S. Walker.
To my republican friends—Geo McKeney.
Peter Berron's barbecue.

W. H. Brotherton's is the place for bargains, as he wishes to close out his stock preparatory to "Centennializing" a large stock for the fall trade. A large stock of White Goods, consisting of Checked and Striped Nainsooks, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, Plain and Plaid Swiss Tarlatans, Piques, &c, which he is selling at greatly reduced prices. Five cases Standard Prints, 5½c. Two cases Good Prints, 5c. A large lot of Mosquito Nets at less price than they can be bought in the city. Only a few cases Gents' Calf Boots at $3, worth $5, and a larger stock of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes than any other house in the city at retail, and at less price. Ladies' and Gents' Kid Gloves, all sizes, 50c, worth $1. A large stock of Bleached and Brown Domestics very cheap. In fact, if you need anything in the Dry Goods line be sure to give him a call before purchasing as he will save you money. Call and be convinced that he means business.

Don't forget that Barbecue at Peter Berron's, on Thursday, the 17th. dlt

Centennial Excursion.

ATLANTA, GA., August 12, 1876.

Editors Constitution:—As a matter of information, I beg to inform your readers that I have now perfected the grandest arrangement ever gotten up for an excursion, and that I have one full car of as nice ladies add gentlemen of Alabama and Georgia as can be gotten together. I will here mention that if any lady or gentleman wishes to join my excursion they are not required to go any further than Philadelphia or New York, unless they see fit to do so, but would advise all to go the entire route, as they will never have another chance before the next Centennial. I have two more choice Pullman Palace Cars to fill yet. Let all send in their names. Very respectfully, THOS. MCGILL.

THE Barbecue at Peter Berron's on Thursday, the 17th instant, will be the finest of the season. 1t

To My Republican Friends.

I understand there will be a meeting to ratify the nomination of Mr. Wm. Markham for the office of Congressman from this district. I must advise my friends to keep away from such meeting until we hear definitely from the Convention that met in Griffin on the 9th instant. Very respectfully, GEORGE MCKENEY.

Atlanta, August 12th, 1876. 1t

National Surgical Institute, Atlanta, Georgia.

Deformities, Paralysis, Chronic Diseases, Piles and Fistula successfully treated. All cordially invited to visit the Institute and investigate junel1—dsun1f

Montevallo Coal the Best Coal Yet.

Send your orders for the Montevallo, Alabama, and Coal Creek Coal to W. S. WILSON before the fall rush comes. He is now receiving the two above Coals daily and will fill orders with dispatch. He is receiving some of the finest LUMP Coal we have ever seen come to this market. You should go to his yard, 25 Broad street, and see it, and we know you will buy a car.

aug10—dthurs&sun

Mosquitoes.

I have just received a large stock of Mosquito canopies. WM. A. HARGOOD.

aug11—d3t 21 Marietta street.

Black Silks! Black Silks

Another lot of those cheap Black Silks, just received, ranging from 75c, 85c, $1 00, and upward. Call at

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.

READ Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement and go ther It will pay you.

june7—dtf

W. S. WILSON. J. C. WILSON

Coal Creek Coal!

MONTEVALLO, ALA., COAL!

AND

ANTHRACITE COAL!

I AM now prepared to furnish either of the above Coals in any quantity desired. The Coal Creek Coal I sell is the celebrated Black Diamond Coal Creek Coal, the OLD GENUINE Coal Creek of the BEST quality and the Montevallo Coal, all who have used it know what it is; it is superior to ANY COAL brought to this market. I have sole control of this Coal and will sell at LOW RATES DURING THE SUMMER. WEIGHTS AND QUALITY WARRANTED. Orders respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. S. WILSON,
July14—dec23m Successor to EDWARD PARSONS.

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 3 Kimball House, Wall Street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HANDY.....President.
W. W. BELL.....Cashier.

This bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount,

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent. interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june26—d6m-h-c

School.

My school will be resumed to-morrow at 9 a. m. J. A. RICHARDSON.

aug13—d1t.

NEW and second-hand Furniture, very cheap at Cheap Cash Furniture House, No. 9 Marietta street. L. M. IVES,

aug13—d1t H. W. THOMAS.

ATTENTION is called to the advertisement in another column of Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, the wholesale Druggists on Pryor street. They have just received another supply of fresh Turnip Seed, and sell to dealers on reasonable terms. aug13—d1t

To the Democratic Voters of Fulton County.

GENTS: I learn that a *false* rumor is being very industriously circulated by designing persons, that I am running for Tax Receiver, not with the view to my own success, but for the purpose of dividing the opposition to "Capt Greer," thereby securing his election, and that a son of mine is to have a clerkship in his office.

I do not disguise the fact that Mr. Seaborn Jones, in Oak Grove district in this county, is deeply interested with me in my success, as he will assist me in the discharge of the duties of the office, by which he will secure a comfortable support for himself and family. He was a member of the 11th Georgia regiment and lost his left arm in the second Manassas battle.

aug13-d&wlt JAMES E. WILLIAMS.

Kid Gloves Reduced.

500 dozen Fresh and Choice Ladies Kid Gloves offered very low, at

june7-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Black Grenadines a Specialty.

Save 10 to 15 cents on each yard and buy your Black Grenadines at the the popular store of

june7-dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.

Special Card from GEORGE SHARP, JR., Diamond and Jewelry Merchant, No. 34 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GA.

Just received from manufacturers and importers, who are bound to have the goods sold, the largest and finest assortment of

Watches,
Diamonds,
Fine Jewelry,
Sterling Silver Ware,
Gold Guard and Vest Chains,
Gold Opera and Leontine Chains,
Lockets, Seal Rings, &c., &c.

This magnificent stock of goods will be offered for sale for the next thirty days at hard pan prices.

Now is the time for BARGAINS. Call early and buy at hard pan prices. I mean business. The owners of the goods want the money for them and I want my commissions. Visitors to the Centennial will save from 25 to 50 per cent by buying from me. GEO. SHARP, JR.

june26—dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office

may11—dt

Brown Dress Linen

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s the above article is offered at very low figures.

june7—dtf

Fine Peaches.

E. R. Herren, five miles west of Atlanta, left us a sample of peaches on yesterday, which are the finest ever seen in this city. Five weighed two pounds and a half.

Athens District Conference.

The conference of the Athens district (Methodist) met in the Methodist church at Union Point, Georgia, Thursday morning, August 10th instant. In the absence of the bishop, Rev. Thomas F. Pierce, the presiding elder presided. Rev D. L. Anderson was elected clerk.

The delegation was quite full, seventy or seventy-five being present. There were a large number of lay delegates, and we were glad to see them take an active part in the business of the conference. The session was entirely harmonious, and marked with Christian fraternity, one towards another throughout.

The reports from the different works were encouraging, showing zeal in the work and considerable spirituality in the churches. The entire work seems to be in earnest in the cause of Sunday schools, and the reports show them to be in a very promising condition. Considering the extreme hardness of the times, and the scarcity of money, the financial reports are satisfactory. The reports from their mission work in their own hands, is encouraging. Quite a number of distinguished preachers were in attendance. Prominent among them are Bros. Haygood, Boring, Mann and Potter.

The delegation have been very kindly entertained by the community without regard to denomination, and from the Christian characters, gentlemanly bearing and social qualities of the delegation, they leave a splendid impression behind them. M.

Mortuary Report.

As furnished by L. H. Holland, city sexton, for the week ending Friday, August 11, 1876:

Whites over ten years	4
Whites under ten years	2
Colored over ten years	6
Colored under ten years	5
Total number deaths	17
White still born	0
Colored still born	1
Total still born	—

As it has been reported that there has been an unusual amount of sickness and mortality in Atlanta during the present year we append a

REPORT COMPARING DEATHS IN 1875 AND 1876:

	1875.	1875.
Number deaths January	18	46
Number deaths February	67	31
Number deaths March	64	55
Number deaths April	42	45
Number deaths May	47	56
Number deaths June	77	7a
Number deaths July	92	91

J. T. JOHNSON, M. D.,
Chairman Board of Health,
W. H. COE, M. D., Secretary.

"Modocs" on the War Path.

The Modoc tribe of the improved order of Red men will give its annual barbecue and dance at Iceville, on Thursday the 17th instant. Every improvement and arrangement has been made for the comfort of those who attend. The best of order is always preserved at the Red men's fetes and their viands are served in the choicest style. To all who desire a genuine holiday of good cheer and amusement we say go to Iceville next Thursday, take a swing around in the "green corn dance" and feast upon the barbecued flesh of the forests and the fishes of the river.

THE barbecue at Peter Beron's will not be postponed on account of weather or anything else, for he has plenty of room for all his guests. Remember next Thursday, 17th aug13-d1t

SENT TO BARN VILLE.

COUNTY MEETING TO SEND DELEGATES TO THE CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

A Good List of Names Selected—An Agreed Ticket Elected Without Instructions.

There was a pretty fair attendance at the city court room yesterday, in the city hall, to participate in the county meeting called for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent Fulton county in the coming congressional convention. The report has gotten abroad that the convention will be held

AT BARNESVILLE,

but we learn that this fact has not been definitely settled, although from present appearances it is most likely to be held the 13th day of next month.

AN AGREED TICKET.

It was understood by nearly all present that Hon. M. A. Candler and Col. E. F. Hoge had spoken together and with friends in regard to the sort of action which might be taken by the Fulton county convention, and leave them nothing to be satisfied with. The result was an agreement upon six gentlemen as delegates, whose election, without any instructions, would give satisfaction to both aspirants. That list was elected at the meeting, as will appear from the proceedings.

THE CONVENTION

was called to order at 12 M., by Hoke Smith, chairman of the county executive committee.

James Banks nominated for permanent chairman of the meeting

COL. D. P. HILL,

which motion prevailed. Col. Hill took the chair, making a few appropriate remarks in favor of harmony and vigilance in the work to be done by the democracy.

On motion, Sam W. Small of the CONSTITUTION was made secretary.

W. D. Ellis moved that a committee of three be appointed to report business for the meeting.

James Banks moved to amend by making the committee 5 instead of 3, which was done.

The committee was appointed by the chair, as follows:

W D Ellis, chairman, Col S B Spencer, James Banks, B H Hill, jr and John R Kendrick.

James Banks offered a resolution to the effect that the election of the delegates be by ballot; and asked that the resolution go to the committee, which was agreed to.

During the absence of the committee Col Marcellus E Thornton announced himself a candidate for congress in an earnest series of remarks.

THE COMMITTEE REPORT.

Upon the return of the committee it reported the following resolutions:

We recommend that a ballot be had for six democrats to act as delegates to the convention to nominate a democratic candidate for congress from the fifth congressional district, and that the chair appoint three tellers to receive and count the ballots, and report the result to the chair. The six securing the highest number of votes to be declared elected with power to appoint their own alternates.

On motion the resolution was adopted, after an amendment by Mr. Thornton to elect by acclamation had been voted down.

THE BALLOT

was next in order and was conducted by Messrs Anthony Murphy, O H Jones and Judge Waters as tellers.

On motion the ballot was kept open thirty minutes.

The names of a number of gentlemen were put in nomination, among them Captain R C Young, who promptly declined, and in doing so protested against the "yellow ticket," part of the meeting as "a cut and dried affair."

The chair stated that there had been ample notice of the meeting for all to attend who desired.

THE RESULT

of the ballot showed the following general result:

James R Wylie	80 votes
R J Roach	83 votes
George W Adair	78 votes
F P Rice	79 votes
W D Ellis	79 votes
E M Roberts	80 votes
Scattering	25 votes

The chair declared the six gentlemen above named to be the regular chosen delegates from Fulton county to the congressional convention.

There being no further business, on motion of Col. S B. Spencer the meeting stood adjourned sine die.

Our County Taxes.

Below is a list showing the rate of county taxation in eight of the largest counties in this state. It will be seen that Fulton leads off with the lowest tax of any of the eight, though Richmond is not far behind. We learn further, from the comptroller's books, that there are only two or three of the smaller counties in the state in which the rate of county taxation is as low as Fulton:

Bibb—rate on the $100	60 cents
Chatham—rate on the $100	78 cents
Clarke—rate on the $100	50 cents
Fulton—rate on the $100	20 cents
Floyd—rate on the $100	100 cents
Muscogee—rate on the $100	40 cents
Richmond—rate on the $100	25 cents
Troup—rate on the $100	40 cents

Pomological.

The pomological society met yesterday, President W Jennings in the chair.

The display of fruits was fine

Apples—Yellow horse, Julien Ferdinand, Oconee Greening, Tuscaloosa seedling, white, W P Robinson; Gravenstein horse, J B Wade,

Pears—Beurre d'Augon, Lawrence Beurre Clairgeau, W Jennings; Bartlett pears, Howell, Flemish beauty, Deanennies, W P Robinson.

Grapes—Diana, Maxataauny, Concord, Merrimac, Delaware, Martha, Rogers, 6, 2, 9 and 7, Wilder, W P Robinson; Concord, Martha, Perkins, Clinton, Iona, Catawba, Isabella, T L Langston, Goethe, Ions, G H Hynes, Isabella, W Jennings, Senasqua, and a white seedling, Dr S Hape.

Dr J H Low and J P Harrison were elected active members, and Hon J B Jones of Burke county an honorary member.

Edward R. Herring presented a peach named by Irwin as Herring's Superb.

Thomas McDowell presented a seedling grape for name.

Dr. S. Hape offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the treasurer be and he is hereby instructed to receive and forward to Macon next Tuesday the fruits contributed by the members of the society, the freight to be paid out of the treasury.

Capt. T. L. Langston was requested to take charge of the shipping. The fruits are to be left at Williams, Langston & Crane's by next Tuesday.

The members are also to request contributions from those not members to the exhibition at Macon.

Mr. O. Rockwell exhibited Warren, Catawba, Isabella grapes, and St Michael's Arcnangel pear, and Herring's Superb peach.

Hon J B Jones, of Burke, briefly addressed the society. He called attention to his variety of fall peach, maturing in October and up to frost.

Card of Thanks.

The Fifth Baptist ladies Sunday school society desire to tender thanks to the daily CONSTITUTION for their uniform courtesy and kindness shown them; to Ford's brass band for the sweet music discoursed; to Messrs. Harvill & Martin for use of their hall and other manifestations of kindness; to the ladies who furnished such invaluable assistance and to a generous public for their very liberal patronage bestowed at their festival which has just closed; also to the police for their assistance. The financial success as well as pleasure of which has gladdened their hearts in their efforts to promote the Master's cause. MRS. M. C. DONEHY,

E. S. V. BRIANT, President.
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE SPIRIT OF '76.

ADDRESS OF HON. O. A. LOCHRANE.

Rally Night of the Young Democracy—Speeches by Patriotic and Wide-Awake Democrats.

The meeting of the young men's democratic club, held in Representative's hall on Friday night, was of such importance that we give in this issue a fuller report of the proceedings.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. F. A. Angier introduced the following resolutions, to which he addressed himself in an excellent speech, touching upon every point contained therein and drawing merited applause from the vast audience:

Resolved by the young men's democratic club of Atlanta, Georgia, that we denounce the infamy of the object contemplated by the present chairman of the republican national committee Mr Zachariah Chandler, in the circulation and dissemination of campaigning documents, the unmistakable and wicked intention of which is to fan fires of religious hatred, to engender sectional discord, and to foster and keep alive the spirit of prejudice against the southern white people.

We address ourselves to the magnanimity, sense of fair play and honesty of the northern masses, and, trust they will scout and scorn such base appeals to partisanism and sectional prejudices.

Resolved further, that we denounce in unmeasured terms the nefarious and wicked attempt of the present corrupt party in power to introduce into the pending presidential canvas, the school, sectional and race issues.

Resolved further, that we declare our unalterable adherence and firm devotion to the public school system, and hereby pledge our earnest and sincere efforts to see that noble system maintained in all its vigor. That the inestimable benefits and blessings of education should be confined to no race, class or section; and that all should have equal educational advantages and facilities.

Resolved further, that while we boldly and determinedly affirm that "the social status of the citizen is not and should never be the subject of legislation," yet it is our sincere desire, and we hereby pledge ourselves to see the colored man secure and protected in the enjoyment of all his political and personal rights, that every one in this broad republic without regard to "race, color or previous condition of servitude" shall be safe under the aegis of the law, and when the rights of any citizen of this country are violated, whatever is his color, politics or faith; then, we desire the majesty of the law vindicated, and the heavy hand of punishment unsparingly laid on the guilty offenders.

Resolved further: that civil-service-reform, constitutional government, and a sound currency are the leading and only issues in the present canvass and all these inflammatory documents about "Vaticanism," "the bloody shirt," "public schools," "the Bourbon conspiracy to rule or ruin the nation," "the rights of the colored man imperilled" "are only the desperate and dying efforts of a wicked set of political tricksters and mountebanks to divert the minds of the people from the only essential and controlling questions of the campaign, and to cover up their own imbecility, corruption, extravagance and prodigacy,

Resolved further, that we extend a hearty greeting and our sincere congratulation to our noble sister state, Alabama, for the splendid Victory she has achieved for the time honored old democracy, and for the eloquent proof she has furnished that the immense democratic majorities in the south are not obtained by fraud, violence or intimidation, but are the triumph of right over wrong, and a determination or the part of the honest masses that there shall be integrity, purity, and economy controlling the discharge and administration of every function and office of government.

HON. O. A. LOCHRANE,

the orator of the evening, was announced and escorted to the chair amid rounds of applause. Judge Lochrane spoke as follows:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: I did not expect to trespass upon your time by the delivery of a speech upon this occasion, and being engaged in other matters, but I am here as an act of reciprocal courtesy in response to the invitation.

A few years ago men said the democratic party was dead, and the advent of some new organization was looked for as the harbinger of hope to the country. To night satisfies me that the democratic party still lives, and the years which have added honor to its brow, have only added strength and glory to its existence.

All other inimical and hostile parties have passed away, but this grand old organization still blooms and brightens with the hopes and futures of the republic.

The federal party, proud with its affluence of intellect, came and went.

The old whig party, glorious with the genius of Webster and Clay, and boasting a history hallowed by patriotism, came and went.

The American party with its professions of purity and nationality, came and went.

But the democratic party still lives and records its triumphs, and proclaims its principles proudly and grandly, for its principles are immortal.

The republican party with all the laurels of war and peans of victory came, and its epitaph will be written, that it went when democracy will be still young, glorious and triumphant.

Men may fall like leaves when the wind walks through the forest on its way to meet the roar of the climbing waves, but principles never die. They are the same yesterday, to-day and forever.

And democratic principles painted by the memories of their immortal founders have not died with them but like the words of the prophets survived the lips that uttered them and are alive to night and speaking throughout this continent.

It is a theme for congratulation, that we may all indulge, that after so many years of republican rule the whole country looks with solicitude for the restoration of democratic principles to reform and save the fortunes of the country. The republican party has been a failure, and will drop the sceptre from its withered hand, and gathering the drapery of its crimes around it, sink by the pillars of the constitution it has stained with its history.

It has been a failure on the fields of statesmanship, erecting only monuments of sand, which will be blown away by the breath of patriotism.

It has been a failure on the bench, sprinkling ashes on the ermine, and bending law to meet the exigencies of political fanaticism.

It has been a failure on the theatre of legislation evolving itself into rings and robberies of the public money, and will be only known by the historian in the dark and bloody catalogue of its inquisitorial proscriptions.

It has been a failure in the cabinet—after so many trials as the Irishman indicted for bigamy, who married twenty wives and pleaded he was trying to find a good one—it has ended without a man of mark or even distinguished ability. It has been a failure in its foreign diplomacy leaving one great nation without a representative, and recalling another to receive the rebuke of his countrymen.

It has been a failure in its financial schemes, piling debt upon the country while it has beggared the agricultural and commercial interests. The repetition of its failures would fatigue patience, and the story of incapacities would have overcome Job.

Its grip of life is on the throat of the nation, and its hopes of victory are vampyred with blood. Sectional discord is its element of eloquence, and vituperative controversy its stock in trade.

So high and broad had grown the dissatisfaction of the people with republican rule, that even among republicans, the necessity of reformation was loudly proclaimed, men of genius and influence gathered together and grouping their fears for the safety of the country invoked democratic co-operation to drive out the money changers from the temple, and preserve the harmony and safety of the country.

Some of these great lights have been extinguished, and while I have no eulogies to offer I will regard the maxim "de mortuis nil nisi bonem," of the living. I may only say that the consistency which finds Mr. Dana in the ranks of Tilden is indeed a jewel, while the desertion of Mr. Schurz does honor to the people of Missouri, in the estimate of tergiversating statesmanship, by leaving him at home

Allusion to Governor Tilden reminds me of the pleasure I had recently in meeting the man. Imagine a pleasant and well preserved gentleman of the ancient school, plain in person as he is polished in manners, with a quick and penetrating observation and prompt and eloquent response, elegant diction, and sharp, clear, cute mind, that goes to the center of a subject and at a blow dispatches an objection or a criticism. I found him genial and hopeful; though he would take defeat with philosophy as he would triumph with imperturbability; having the power to attach interest to the results upon the country rather than the aspirations of his own personal ambition. As I shook his honest hand in a kind farewell, my heart trembled with its weight of hopes that I might next meet him in the white house, the pencil ruler of a free people.

What a glorious result for the American people! What a day for the destinies of America, when the spirits of Washington, and Jefferson, and Madison, and Jackson could spread the golden glitter of their circling wings over the dome of the capitol, and welcome Samuel J Tilden as president of the United States.

In our state the nomination of Gen. Colquitt is an election, and the voice of the people will cheer him into the executive chair, and his history will blend with the great events which must follow the election of a national democratic executive. And the voice of Georgia upon the floors of congress, will be no uncertain sound—from the seaboard to the mountains the victory will be complete and universal. The tide that rolls over the Chattahoochie will swell until it reaches the Flint, crosses the Oconee, and pours down into the Savannah. My friend Markham will go down before the tide and go out like a spark in the deluge.

Independents, candidates, if there be any will be borne like a leaf on the stream, or a grain of chaff in the hurricane. Georgia will stand covered with democratic banners, and every one the ensigned of victory.

Voices may shout Mississippi and Hamburgh in the storm, but the answer will be, peace reigns wherever democratic rulers are at the helm, color lines will become water colors in the great wave of democratic triumphing and the colored man, will be "redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled" from the fanaticism that has ruined him, by the irresistible genius of democratic principles, which recognize his rights and equalities before the law, under the broad aegis of constitutional justice.

But I did not come here to make a speech. I have been out of politics and came here only to say something in response to your invitation. Before I close permit me to remark that victory depends upon the consecration of your action. Emulate Alabama and remember that he who counsels violence or commits crime gives strength to the enemy. Remember that the provocation, which would make strife, would be the excuse for the interference of battalioned despotism. Remember that Tilden's hopes of success, are placed on his confidence in southern sobriety of purpose and action, the unfettered sovereignty of the ballot box, the peacefulness of the campaign and the conservatism of the election.

Be true to these remembrances, and the duty they impose, and you will have a glorious victory; California will cheer with New York; New Jersey will shake hands in co operation with Connecticut, while the hills of the south will echo back the cheers and re'oicing will go through our valleys like a sing.

HUGH A. HARALSON

then was called for and delivered a chaste and elegant address, full of strong points and delivered in fine style. He spoke of the magnitude and importance of the present campaign issues, and urged in most eloquent terms the paramount necessity for organization. His address we are not able to print in full, but we are free to pronounce it a great triumph for the orator and an honor to the club which boasts such capable and energetic democrats.

DR. J. S. PEMBERTON

made a happy little speech and his allusion to the fact that "when we have Tilden and Hendricks in the White House and Ben Hill in the senate, we can cry 'Hallelujah!'" brought down the house in a storm of applause.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES.

Mr Small introduced the following resolution, with a few remarks, and the declaration was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That an independent candidacy is anti-democratic, anti-republican, anti all things, save personal ambition; that in the selection of their officers the people have the first right of choice and are presumed to know best the qualifications needed in the offices to be filled; that when the people have spoken and placed in nomination their candidates, the man who opposes them cuts loose from his party and becomes the foe of popular rights, the public interests and the will of the people, and should be con iemned and defeated in his selfish and arrogant ambition."

On motion the meeting then adjourned to Friday night next.

The presence of the ladies was a refreshing feature of the occasion and a large number of them are expected at the next meeting.

JUDGE COLLIER DECLINES.

He Opposes the Running System of Nominations and Gives his Reasons.

ATLANTA, GA., August, 10th, '76.

Hon. John Collier, Sir:—The undersigned, your fellow-citizens, believing that the interests of Atlanta are to be largely involved in the deliberations of our next general assembly, and being anxious to have as our representative a citizen who has lived long among us, who is identified with us, and feels a pride in the prosperity of this county and in Atlanta we ask that you allow us the use of your name as a candidate for representative from Fulton county. If you will conform to our wishes in this behalf, we pledge our personal and untiring efforts to secure a fair vote in the primary election,

We are, very respectfully,

T J Lowe & Bro, A C & B F Wyly, Moore Marsh & Co, Tommey, Stewart & Beck, Louis H Beck, W A Gregg, T M Wood, M C & J F Kiser & Co, John E Wilkinson, C F Malone, P & G T Dodd & Co, Dunn, Ogletree & Co, Williams, Langston & Crane, John C Ransom, Amos Fox, Garrett & Bro, R J Lowry, Abbott & Bro, W L Hubbard & Co, H Lewis, & Co, J C Carter, J M Patton, J J Barnes, A Leyden, Thos Alexander, E P Chamberlin, M Harralson & Co, Kiser & Watson, H C Sawtell W H Brotherton, Shropshire & Co, Gilreath & Sloan, Levi J Smith, Smyth & McCane, Franklin & Wilkins, B M Willliford, A Haas, R W Tidwell, McGaughey & Bros, Joe L Love, John W Hooper, W P Inman.

ATLANTA, GA., August 11, 1876.

MESSRS. T J Lowe & Bro. A C & B F Wyly, Moore, Marsh & Co., Tommey Stewart & Beck, and others.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN—I am this day in receipt of your favor of the 10th instance, asking the use of my name to be presented for nomination at the primary election to be held in this county on the 25th instant, for representative from Fulton county to the next general assembly, coupled with a promise on your part, to do all in your power to secure a fair vote at said election, etc.

I trust that I am not unmindful of the obligation I am under, to do all that I can, in any position, in which I may be placed, either on my own motion, or that of my friends, or the public, for the promotion of the public interest, and the welfare and prosperity of the people, and especially my fellow citizens of the city of Atlanta and county of Fulton. While I feel these obligations resting on me, you will allow me to withhold my name from the nominating election referred to for the reasons which I will proceed to give. I may premise by saying that I am decidedly opposed to the primary election system for nominations, as provided for by the democratic executive committee, of this county, and which has been practised in this city and county for the last few years. The system or mode at present used is of recent origin and may be regarded as the modern democracy. The objection to it, as practised in this city and county, grows out of the fact main y, that there are not, nor can there be under that system, any checks or guards, against repeating, false counting or illegal voting. There are no oaths to be administered to voters or managers No penalties for illegal voting, for repeating, for extracting ballots or for stuffing ballot boxes It will not do to say that nothing of that sort will occur at the primary election to be held on the 25th instant. It is to be hoped that it will not. Doubtless the executive committee and the managers of the election will do all in their power to prevent anything of the kind, but woo is so stupid as not to know that they will be perfectly powerless to prevent such things? Is the history of primary elections, heretofore held, for candidates in our city and county, worth nothing to our people? We, as a city and county, have not to this moment, recovered from the shock which the recent primary election produced, and which has been made a course of reproach against our community, throughout the entire state. Shall this course of conduct, so humiliating to ourselves, and which has disgraced us in the eyes of others, be so soon repeated? Shall liquor shops be thrown open, and your streets be thronged with drunken sots for days before the primary election, waiting for livery stable carriages to be sent around for the purpose of hauling them to the polls to deposit their votes for the men of their choice(?)? Shall all these things be re-enacted? We shall see. Bear in mind that these primary elections are, for all practical purposes, the ones in which your officers are selected, and it is by this irresponsable mode you are to have your representatives in the legislature, as well as your county officers chosen. Others may if they choose participate in or accept nominations made in that way, but for myself, I must respectfully be allowed to decline.

You, gentlemen, must not misunderstand me. I am not for depriving any citizen of the right to his choice of candidates, for each has the right to insist upon the present system of selection. I feel quite certain that a plan for electing candidates could have been adopted, by which fairness, or that which would approximate fair dealing, could have been reached; and that with but little trouble and perhaps no expense to the voter. And I am equally certain that such a plan was suggested to some of the executive committee before they took action in the premises, which met with their approval, or at least they so expressed themselves. The majority however, in the exercise of the power with which they were clothed, thought otherwise and hence you have the present system. You say in your note that you will do all in your power to secure a fair election this, I do not for one moment doubt. But to succeed under the mode at present practiced, would be to effect what has not in the past been done, if what is generally conceded by our people be true. It may be said that the mode for conducting these nominations is the same it was two years since when I was a member of the executive committee. That is true. But it is well known to the members who composed that committee that I opposed the system and preferred another, for the reason that I did not then, as I do not now, believe a fair expression can be had in that way, and that it is next to an impossibility to prevent frauds of the basest character from being practiced by unscrupulous political bummers who feast and fatten upon political corruption.

It may be said that there are no modes known to the party by which fair nominations can be made. This I think is a mistake. In the better days of the party, nominations were made (not, it is true, under the present system) when no charges of unfairness were made, and no cause for such existed. I am well satisfied that a plan could be adopted by which a fair nomination could be secured, or which would approximate fair dealing. If however, I am mistaken in this, then in the name of all that is sacred let nominations be abandoned, and let every man, who desires to do so, present himself as a candidate for the suffrages of the people upon his own intrinsic worth and merit, and there will be meted unto him the measure he is entitled to. My faith in the honesty, integrity and uprightness of the masses, in the matter of politics, as in all other matters, left untrammelled by corrupt political bummers, rings and combinations, is unbounded. You gentlemen are right in saying that the interests of our city and county will be largely involved in the deliberations of the next general assembly; and that it behooves us to have in the legislature our best men. This indeed is a duty that we owe to ourselves as well as to the people of our state. It is a duty common to all the people of the state. Let us look well to it and see that none but true men are placed in office; and this applies as well to county officers as to members of the general assembly. If the members of the next general assembly discharge their duty to the state, they will see to it that a system of retrenchment and reform shall be inaugurated and put into practical operation, such as shall greatly reduce the burden now upon the impoverished taxpayers of our state. Let the expenses of administering the state government be reduced to what they were in the better days of the republic.

Gentlemen, you will pardon this slight digression from the matter in hand, and accept my sincere thanks for the kind manner in which you have been fit to mention my name in connection with the office of representative from our county to the next general assembly. And allow me to assure you that it would afford me much pleasure to serve you in any way that I could consistent with my own self respect and sense of propriety. In this intence, and for the reasons herein before stated, I must be allowed to with old my name from the nominating elections soon to be held in this county.

I am gentlemen, very truly
Your obedient servant,
JOHN COLLIER.

Grand Sabbath School Meeting.

We have appointed our annual Sunday school meeting this year for August 17th, at McDonough camp ground—shingle roof. The generally and particularly every Sunday school in the county irrespective of denominations are cordially invited to be present and participate in the exercises.

Let every one come—old and young. Be sure and bring the children. We expect two thousand persons to attend.

We confidently expect to have with us, some of the best speaking talent in the state. Come early. Bring your baskets well filled.

GEO. M NOLAN,
President of Association.

McDonough, Ga., August 1, 1876.

DeKalb County.

LITHONIA, GA., Aug. 10.

Mr. M. R. Ragsdale,

DEAR SIR: We believe the time has come when the people of DeKalb desire to select a man to represent them in the legislature who is fully identified with the farming interest and other industries; also thoroughly awake to the great questions of retrenchment and reform.

We therefore beg the use of your name as a candidate to represent DeKalb county in the next general assembly, subject to the nomination to be held by the democratic party on the 2d day of September next.

Very respectfully,

W H BRASWELL,	W C SMITH,
C H BRUCE & SON,	GEO W JOHNSON,
JOHN THOMPSON	G H WEAVER,
GEO N SMITH,	R D EVANS,
J M LEFFWICH	T T NASH,
JOHN E AMGUIRE,	E J BOND,
P K PHILLIPS,	B B BRASWELL,
DR. W P BOND,	J P MARBUTT,
W G MITCHELL,	N KINNEY,

and other

LITHONIA, GA., August 7th, 1876.

E J Bond, George N Smith, J P Marbutt, John Thompson, B B Braswell, G W Johnson, and others. GENTLEMEN—Your communication asking